The Pyongyang Times

No. 4 (202) MONDAY, JANUARY 27, 1969 PYONGYANG, DEMOCRATIC PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF KOREA

A meeting of Asian, African and Latin-American students studying in Bulgaria was held on December 22 in Sofia in support and welcome of the Ten-Point Political Programme of the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the report delivered by Comrade Kim Il Sung at the celebration of the 20th anniversary of the founding of the D.P.R.K., on the occasion of the first anniversary of the announcement of the Ten-Point Political Programme of the D.P.R.K. Government, at which a message addressed to Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, was adopted.

The message reads in full:

Message to Comrade KIM IL SUNG,

General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, Head of State and Premier of the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Great Leader of the 40 Million Korean People

Esteemed Comrade Kim Il Sung,

The Asian, African and Latin-American students studying in Sofia reverentially address this message to you with warm feeling at this meeting convened on the first anniversary of the announcement of the Ten-Point Political Programme of the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea to express full and unconditional support and welcome to the Ten-Point Political Programme of the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the great programmatic report "The Democratic People's Republic of Korea is the banner of freedom and independence for our people and the powerful weapon of building socialism and communism" delivered by you at the celebration of the 20th anniversary of the founding of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

Taking this opportunity, we extend the highest honour and greetings to you Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, peerless patriot, national hero, ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander and one of the outstanding leaders of the international communist and working-class movements.

We infinitely respect and envy the Korean people who are guided by such brilliant and outstanding Leader as you and boundlessly revere you as the greatest Marxist-Leninist at the present times, the most outstanding Leader of the international communist and working-class movements and the revolutionary peoples of the world and brilliant teacher of the world revolution.

By studying your Ten-Point Political Programme, selected works and other documents, we learn the idea of *Juche*, the great revolutionary idea consistently maintained by you, which runs through them like life-giving water.

The great idea of *Juche* initiated by you for the first time in the world, has already been thoroughly embodied in Korea by your people and its justness and invincible might are being testified before the whole world and it is throwing brilliant rays on the world people like the sun. It is thanks to your great idea of *Juche* that epochal changes have taken place and brilliant victories have been won in the Democratic People's Republic of Korea in a very short span of time. As a result of the materialization of your idea of *Juche* and the revolutionary line of independence, self-sustenance and self-defence, its embodiment, in all fields of state activities, Korea has today been converted into a powerful socialist state independent in politics, self-sustaining in the economy and self-defensive in national defence and is called by the world people the "fatherland of *Juche*" and "country of Chollima" and has become an example which the fighting countries and newly-independent countries and the peoples of the world should follow and the hope and beacon for them.

Your teaching in the Ten-Point Political Programme that **"Only by firmly establishing *Juche*, can each country repudiate flunkeyism and dogmatism and creatively apply the universal truth of Marxism-Leninism and the experience of other countries to suit its historical conditions and national peculiarities and solve its own questions entirely for itself on its own responsibility by discarding the spirit of relying on others and displaying the spirit of self-reliance, and, accordingly, carry on its revolutionary cause and construction work with success"** is an objective truth which our tri-continental peoples and the revolutionaries and peoples of the world should champion unswervingly in revolution and construction.

The idea of *Juche*, your great revolutionary idea, is the guiding idea, compass of action and programme of struggle our tri-continental peoples and the revolutionaries and peoples of the world should firmly adhere to.

Recently again you put before the world the report at the celebration of the 20th anniversary of the founding of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, outstanding Marxist-Leninist classic works which constitute a theoretical consummation of profound ideas and scientific strategic and tactical lines on the revolution and construction.

In the course of studying your report, we were deeply moved by the great ideas contained in each word of the report.

We keenly realized that the works are a weapon which we should take as our only compass in the future, being a great fundamental and programmatic document of universal significance on the revolution and construction not only in Korea but also for the world people.

Particularly, in the report we were once again firmly convinced of the wisdom and correctness of the leadership of you have enabled the Korean people to achieve a great victory and brilliant successes in the revolution and construction by creatively applying the universal truth of Marxism-Leninism to the realities of Korea and developing and enriching it and were immensely marvelled and moved by the brilliant successes and immortal feats made by the Korean people in the past 20 years and more in accordance with the great idea of *Juche* set forth by you, overcoming all trials and difficulties.

In the report you clearly indicated the road our tri-continental peoples and the peoples of the world should take, by newly setting forth ways and means for the complete victory and final victory of socialism and communism, such as the duty of proletarian dictatorship in the period of transition from capitalism to socialism, the contents, forms and methods of the class struggle under socialism, the conquest of two fortresses, ideological and material, in the construction of socialism and communism, and the question of eliminating all the class and other distinctions between the working class and peasantry. Your report which gave comprehensive answers to all the fundamental problems of principle urgently raised by the present era of struggle and revolution and the burning questions of principle arising in socialist and communist construction, constitutes a powerful ideological, theoretical and practical weapon not only for the Korean people but also for our tri-continental peoples in the struggle for expediting the final victory of the Korean revolution and the world revolution as a whole.

In the recent report, you indicated, among other things, a great anti-U.S. strategy instilling the firm conviction of victory into the revolutionary peoples of the world who rose up in the anti-imperialist struggle.

Saying that **"apart from the struggle against imperialism, U.S. imperialism in particular, world peace cannot be safeguarded nor can national liberation and independence or the victory of democracy and socialism be achieved"**, you taught us: **"The peoples of all countries making revolution should tear limbs off the U.S. beast and behead it all over the world. The U.S. imperialists appear to be strong, but when the peoples of many countries attack them from all sides and join in mutilating them in that way, they will become impotent and bite the dust in the end"**.

The teaching given by you constitutes a programmatic compass the Asian, African and Latin-American peoples and all the revolutionary peoples who have risen up in the anti-imperialist, national-liberation struggle and the struggle for world peace, democracy and national independence should firmly adhere to and a revolutionary milestone marking a new turning-point in the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggle at the present times.

Meanwhile, this teaching gives a great blow to and instills terror into the imperialists headed by U.S. imperialism and their stooges and all the reactionaries. With your brilliant strategy of anti-U.S. struggle, our tri-continental peoples will certainly defeat the imperialists headed by U.S. imperialism and defend with honour the freedom and independence of our peoples.

Today the peoples of the world look up to you as the Chief not only of the 40 million Korean people but also of the revolutionaries of the world and the Asian, African and Latin-American peoples, the brilliant Leader of the world revolution, outstanding Leader of the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggle and the greatest and eminent hero at the present times and are drawing strength and courage from you.

Deeply convinced that you alone indicate the most straight path of the world revolution as a whole, we will prepare ourselves as ardent revolutionaries by thoroughly arming ourselves with your idea of *Juche* through the thorough study of your works including your selected works, the Ten-Point Political Programme and the report delivered at the celebration of the 20th anniversary of the founding of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and your revolutionary activities for over 40 years.

Infinitely inspired by your great revolutionary idea, the idea of *Juche*, the South Korean people are inflicting serious blows upon the U.S. imperialists and their stooge the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique and creating a great confusion in their fascist terror rule by widely and actively unfolding struggle of all forms including the armed struggle.

We express full support to and solidarity with the Korean people in the just struggle for driving U.S. imperialism out of South Korea and unifying their fatherland independently within their generation under the wise and outstanding guidance of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people.

We tri-continental students wholeheartedly wish good health and a long life to you Esteemed Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people and great Leader of the peoples of our three continents and the world in the anti-imperialist struggle, for the prosperity and development of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the independent unification of Korea, the victory of the Asian, African and Latin-American peoples in their struggle and for the final victory of the world revolution.

Asian, African Latin-American Students Studying in Bulgaria

Sofia, December 22, 1968

TELEGRAMS

✦ Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and Premier of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, received New Year's cards from Comrade **A.N. Kosygin**, Chairman of the Council of Ministers of the USSR, and His Excellency Lawyer **Nguyen Huu Tho**, President of the Presidium of the Central Committee of the South Vietnam National Front for Liberation, on the occasion of the New Year 1969.

Comrade **Kim Il Sung** sent New Year's cards to them.

✦ **Premier Kim Il Sung** of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea received a telegram of greetings from Prince **Souphanouvong**, Chairman of the Central Committee of the Neo Lao Haksat, on the occasion of the New Year 1969.

✦ **Premier Kim Il Sung** of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea exchanged telegrams of New Year's greetings with **Mohammed Idris El Senussi**, King of the Kingdom of Libya, on the occasion of the New Year 1969.

✦ **Premier Kim Il Sung** of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea exchanged telegrams of greetings with **William Vacanarat Shadrach Tubman**, President of the Republic of Liberia, on the occasion of the New Year 1969.

✦ **Premier Kim Il Sung** of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea received a telegram of greetings from **H. M. P. Mohideen**, General Secretary of the Ceylon-People's Korea Friendship Association, on the occasion of the New Year.

✦ **Premier Kim Il Sung** of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea received a telegram of greetings from the **Pakistan-Korea Friendship Association** on the occasion of the New Year 1969.

✦ **Premier Kim Il Sung** of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea received a telegram of greetings from the **Afro-Asian People's Solidarity Organization of Pakistan** on the occasion of the New Year.

✦ Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, received a telegram of greetings from **U Aung Lwin**, Chairman of the Burma-Korea Friendship Association, on the New Year 1969.

✦ Premier **Kim Il Sung** of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea received a telegram of greetings from **Thakin Lwin**, General Secretary of the Burmese Council for World Peace, on the occasion of the New Year 1969.

✦ Premier **Kim Il Sung** of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea received a telegram of greetings from **Hamid Said**, Chairman of the National Union of Students of the Republic of Iraq, on the occasion of the New Year 1969.

✦ Premier **Kim Il Sung** of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea received a telegram of greetings from **R. K. Aggarwal**, Secretary of the Indo-Korean Cultural Society, on the occasion of the New Year 1969.

✦ Comrade **Kim Il Sung**, Premier of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, received a telegram from Comrade **Oldrich Cernik**, in reply to his telegram of greetings sent on the latter's appointment as Prime Minister of the Government of the Czechoslovak Socialist Republic.

Technicolour Documentary Film

"Mr. Kim Hyong Jik, An Indomitable Anti-Japanese Revolutionary Fighter"

Mr. Kim Hyong Jik, an indomitable anti-Japanese revolutionary fighter

Mr. Kim Hyong Jik educating Marshal Kim Il Sung in his childhood in patriotism

Recently the Mangyongdae creative staff of the Korean Documentary Film Studio produced a full-length technicolour documentary film "Mr. Kim Hyong Jik, an indomitable anti-Japanese revolutionary fighter" depicting the life and revolutionary activities of Mr. Kim Hyong Jik—an indomitable anti-Japanese revolutionary fighter who battled resolutely, devoting all his life, for the restoration of the fatherland and the liberation of the people, an outstanding leader of the Korean national-liberation movement before the anti-Japanese armed struggle, a patriotic educationist and father of Korea who brought up Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, into a great revolutionary and an outstanding Leader of the revolution.

The first scene shows the bronze statue of Mr. Kim Hyong Jik built in Bonghwa-ri, the historical site.

Reverentially looking up at the dignified appearance of Mr. Kim Hyong Jik standing with a book in his hand as if visualizing the future of the fatherland to be restored, the spectators recall to their mind with deep emotion his noble life and indefatigable revolutionary activity. Then there appears on the screen a beautiful view of historic Mangyongdae, the glorious cradleland of the Korean revolution.

It was here at Mangyongdae dear to the hearts of the Korean people that Mr. Kim Hyong Jik was born on July 10, 1894, as the eldest son of Mr. Kim Bo Hyon.

The screen first shows the house in Mangyongdae where Mr. Kim Hyong Jik was born and grew up and where our respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung was born and passed his childhood.

It is a straw-thatched house with low eaves and still retains its old look. It was a grave keeper's house of a landlord.

The family of Mr. Kim Hyong Jik's grandfather were so poor that they lived in the house keeping graves of the landlord's ancestors.

Shown on the screen are a few tableware, worn-out wardrobes, plow, spinning wheel and shellfish oil-lamp, and other goods and chattels used by the family for three generations.

Looking at the house of a poor peasant spectators think of the revolutionary family of the Leader with deep impression.

Mr. Kim Ung Wu, grandfather of Mr. Kim Hyong Jik, participated in the patriotic struggle for burning down the U.S. imperialists' pirate ship "Sherman" which invaded our country in 1866, and fought heroically.

Mr. Kim Bo Hyon and Mrs. Li Bo Ik, parents of Mr. Kim Hyong Jik, also dauntlessly fought to actively help their sons in their revolutionary activity, keeping to patriotic constancy despite of the maltreatment and persecution of all descriptions by the Japanese imperialist aggressors.

Mr. Kim Hyong Jik who was born and grew up in such a patriotic family had from his early years the spirit of resistance to the Japanese imperialist aggressors and the feudal ruling circles and strong patriotism and revolutionary will to fight for the restoration of the fatherland.

He spent his boyhood at Mangyongdae. He learned first at a private school in Mangyongdae and then studied at the Sunhwa School. He studied at the Sungsil Middle School under adversity.

Already in his middle school days he, in close touch with many people engaged in the independence movement, took part in the revolutionary activity and emerged as a leader of the anti-Japanese struggle.

He left the middle school halfway to expand the anti-Japanese struggle and became a professional revolutionary.

He worked energetically risking danger to establish broader contact with the participants in the independence movement at home and abroad and rally the anti-Japanese forces.

The screen shows various historical facts connected with the revolutionary activities Mr. Kim Hyong Jik conducted more vigorously, while teaching at the Sunhwa School at Mangyongdae.

There also appears on the screen Bonghwa-ri, the historical site associated with the glorious struggle of Mr. Kim Hyong Jik.

The bronze statue of Mr. Kim Hyong Jik, the monument to the memory of his exploits, the Myongshin School at which he personally taught, the house where he lived, the rock site where he had secret meetings with his comrades, the Maekjong ferry site crossed by numerous patriotic fighters—these make spectators engrave deep in their hearts the records of shining struggle waged by Mr. Kim Hyong Jik who explored the road of revolution without yielding to whatever harsh trials, and

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Mr. Kim Hyong Jik having a secret meeting with members of the "Korean National Association," an anti-Japanese underground revolutionary organisation formed by him

Historic Mangyongdae

Reminiscences of the Anti-Japanese Guerillas

Great Plan for the Fatherland's Restoration

Lim Chun Chu

(Continued from our previous issue No. 3)

In conclusion, the conference discussed concretely the question of founding a Marxist-Leninist Party in Korea.

The Korean Communists headed by Comrade Kim Il Sung waged from the initial stage of their anti-Japanese armed struggle a tenacious struggle to wipe out the evil consequences of the factional strife of the factional elements, the ulcer in the communist movement in Korea, to do away with the ideological survivals of reliance on others without any independence, to consolidate unity and solidarity in the communist ranks and to bring up and strengthen the nuclei of communist leadership.

The loss in our revolution caused by the "Left" adventurism of the factional elements and narrow-minded nationalists who drove the masses into reckless uprisings in the early 1930's, the serious loss inflicted upon the communist movement in Korea by the manoeuvres of the factionalists who had conducted the struggle against "Minsaengdan" in an ultra-left manner since 1933—surmounting all these grave trials, Comrade Kim Il Sung firmly adhered to his own views and independence as a Korean Communist, and thus saved the revolution from a crisis and brought up and trained the leading core.

Such being the case, the Comintern also duly appraised the line of Comrade Kim Il Sung on founding a Party and the work of Korean Communists, encouraging them more rapidly to promote the work of founding a Party in Korea.

Under these conditions, the conference discussed the matter of further concretizing the line for the foundation of a Party advanced by Comrade Kim Il Sung at the Nanhutou Conference.

At the conference he elucidated the question of making concrete preparations for founding a Party.

While stressing the necessity of firmly building up the communist pivots he said to this effect:

...To found a Party definite organizational pivots are necessary. These organizational pivots consist of the leading nuclei of Communists steeled and tested in the actual struggle. Accordingly, we Communists must further push ahead with the work of expanding and consolidating the ranks of leading nuclei, the basis for founding a Party....

Comrade Kim Il Sung then emphasized the need of steadily expanding and consolidating the Party organization. He said:

...We must constantly expand and strengthen the Party organization by enlisting in the Party more advanced elements from among the workers, peasants and revolutionary intellectuals who are steeled and tested in the guerilla and anti-Japanese revolutionary struggles. This work should be carried on not only in the guerilla ranks and in northeast China; it should be actively carried on even in the homeland.

So far we have failed to carry on this work properly among the progressive workers, peasants and intellectuals at home. Proceeding from this, we must first set up organizational networks of the Party at home, decisively overcome factionalism and "Left" and Right deviations, the ulcer in the past communist movement at home, and rally the Communists at home organizationally....

Laying stress on bringing up and training the enlisted Party members into indomitable revolutionary fighters, Comrade Kim Il Sung said that a Party working committee should be organized for the unified guidance of the Party organizations to be formed at home, as well as of the work of founding a Party.

His words on preparing for the founding of a Party and particularly his well-advised and wise policy of organizing Party organizations at home and of expanding and strengthening them for the purpose of laying the organizational foundation of a Marxist-Leninist Party to be organized in the future enjoyed unanimous support.

The conference also discussed the problem of reorganizing the Korean People's Revolutionary Army, and, in this connection, the proposal of Comrade Kim Il Sung—his stand of *Juche* to make a contribution to the international revolution by successfully carrying out the Korean revolution—was adopted unanimously, enjoying support and admiration of the attendants of the conference.

* * *

The grand programmatic policy on the Korean revolution proposed by Comrade Kim Il Sung at the Tungkang Conference not only marked a great turning-point in the development of the Korean revolution in the 1930's but also clearly illumined the road of democratic development which Korea should follow after the victory of the revolution.

On the basis of this policy, units of the Korean People's Revolutionary Army set up new guerilla bases in the border area of Korea, expanded and reinforced the Party organizations at home and in the Changpai area, extensively developed the work of organizing the anti-Japanese united national front such as the Association for the Restoration of the Fatherland and National Liberation Union and thus brought about a great upsurge in the revolution by fully controlling and guiding the Korean revolutionary movement.

They converted Shangkangkou, Chungkangkou and Hsiakangkou in Changpai county into revolutionary districts and, in these districts alone, enlisted hundreds of thousands of masses in the Association for the Restoration of the Fatherland; furthermore, they rallied numerous anti-Japanese masses at home around the Korean National Liberation Union, Anti-Japanese Union, etc., waging an anti-Japanese revolutionary struggle on an extensive mass basis.

The Korean people came to see clearly the future of their fatherland in the grand programme set forth by Comrade Kim Il Sung and, with pride and firm confidence in victory in the revolution as harbingered by the torchlight of the restoration of the fatherland which blazed high at Bochonbo and by the repeated victories attained by the People's Revolutionary Army in the border area of Korea, came out in great number to join the anti-Japanese front.

The programmatic policy of Comrade Kim Il Sung ushered in an era, of which the Korean nation is boundlessly proud, opening the glorious pages of the 1930's, a brilliant period in our revolutionary history.

It is thanks to this grand programme that the Korean Communists could greet the brilliant day of restoration of the fatherland, displaying indomitableness in the arduous, protracted anti-Japanese armed struggle, and it is thanks to the foundation of such scientific strategy and tactics that the Korean people could have successfully proceeded with the building of a new society after liberation.

That we could found and consolidate our glorious Party under the complicated conditions created immediately after the liberation when the anti-Party factionalists, alien elements, parochialists, renegades to the revolution, and all shades of philistines came out under the mask of patriots and leaders, that we could successfully carry out the democratic reforms, firmly holding in our hands the genuine people's power and upholding the Twenty-point Platform based on the Ten-point Programme of the Association for the Restoration of the Fatherland and bring about the brilliant results of today in socialist construction, are all attributable to the fact that the Communists, under the wise guidance of such a great Leader as Comrade Kim Il Sung and under his leadership, were provided with the great programme as far back as the 1930's, and to the bedrock foundation formed in the course of the protracted anti-Japanese armed struggle.

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feel unbounded respect for him.

In this historical place Mr. Kim Hyong Jik, the outstanding leader of the Korean independence movement, organized on March 23, 1917, the "Korean National Association," an anti-Japanese underground revolutionary organization, with the participants in the independence movement at home and abroad as its central figures.

The film shows vividly the character and mission of the "Korean National Association," its organizational system, its methods of activity, its role in the anti-Japanese national-liberation movement of our country and its great historical significance through valuable historical documents, historical materials, live visual aids.

The "Korean National Association" held that "the independence of Korea should be achieved on the strength of the Korean people" and set itself the concrete tasks of expanding the organization, raising funds, obtaining weapons, conducting anti-Japanese propaganda, and training military cadres, etc., and it organized and unfolded a vigorous anti-Japanese struggle.

The "Korean National Association" organized by Mr. Kim Hyong Jik was the biggest anti-Japanese underground revolutionary organization with its networks at home and abroad in the period before the spread of Marxism-Leninism in our country.

While leading the "Association" Mr. Kim Hyong Jik set up here such legal organizations as Hakgyo-gye (School Association) and Bisok-gye (Stone Monument Association) and, through these organizations and various other forms and methods, roused the broad masses to the anti-Japanese struggle.

As the anti-Japanese revolutionary organization was expanded and strengthened and the anti-Japanese struggle was powerfully unfolded under the leadership of Mr. Kim Hyong Jik, the Japanese imperialist aggressors frantically suppressed the anti-Japanese patriotic forces of the Korean people.

In the autumn of 1917, informed against by a lackey of Japanese imperialism, he was arrested by the police, together with 100 odd other members of the "Association."

The hangmen desperately sought to break his fighting will. They subjected him to cruel torture and resorted to deception and appeasement of every description.

But the enemy could in no way sap his fighting spirit. He was such an unyielding revolutionary fighter as keeps to his constancy even if he dies.

In the trial staged by the enemy, he fought resolutely resisting: "How can it be a crime that a Korean loves and works for his country? I can never accept such unjust decision."

Even in prison Mr. Kim Hyong Jik fought stoutly with a strong will against the vallainous Japanese imperialists and mapped out a new plan for revolutionary activity after his release.

While in prison he studied medicine even under the strict watch of the Japanese imperialists, to ensure the legality of the movement by various forms and methods, and unfold revolutionary activity among the masses of the people.

After his release from prison at the expiration of his service term, he got quite weak from severe torture of the enemy. But, without taking care of his health, he set about putting into practice his new plan for launching a more active anti-Japanese struggle. In those days he wrote the following verse well known to the world:

Comrade, do you know
The green pine-tree on the Namsan hill
After suffering all sorts of
Hardships under snow and frost
Will return to life
When spring comes round
Again with its warm sunshine!

In 1918 Mr. Kim Hyong Jik moved the centre of his revolutionary activity to the border areas along the Amrok River.

The screen carries us back to the unforgettable days when Mr. Kim Hyong Jik, an unbending anti-Japanese revolutionary fighter, conducted indefatigable revolutionary activity after he shifted the theatre of activity to these areas.

The scenes showing the Junggangjin inn, the Junggangjin post office, the scales used by this post office and other things associated with his lofty will and brilliant revolutionary activities leave deep impressions on the spectators.

He adopted the profession of a doctor ostensibly to continue with his revolutionary activity avoiding the eyes of the enemy. He carried on his revolutionary activity vigorously while rendering free medical treatment to the poor and strengthening the work with them.

Using communication facilities of Japanese imperialism he led his revolutionary comrades in Pyongyang, Seoul, Pusan and other regions and dispatched political workers to different parts of the country. He himself went to many places in the homeland to sow extensively the seeds of the anti-Japanese struggle. Particularly he personally went deep into the midst of the poor people exploited and maltreated under the double and treble oppression of Japanese imperialism and its lackeys to instil confidence into them. And he, while leading them, worked heart and soul to lay a firm mass foundation of revolutionary struggle.

Mr. Kim Hyong Jik came to Popyong from Pataokou in 1924. But when he was leading there the revolutionary struggle in the homeland, he was arrested again by the roguish Japanese imperialist police. But no hardships could bend his strong revolutionary will. When he was escorted by a Japanese imperialist policeman to the Huchang police station he succeeded in escaping with the help of a participant in the independence movement who had been under his influence.

Later, he moved the theatre of activity to Fusung breaking through the enemy's watch and cordon. Though he was in bad health there, he went to far-off Kirin, Hwatien, Mongkiang to lead the participants in the independence movement.

But his disease took a serious turn with the passage of time. Mr. Kim Hyong Jik, an indomitable anti-Japanese revolutionary fighter, a patriot and a revolutionary and patriotic educationist, died, to the sorrow of the entire people, from the after-effects of cruel torture of the enemy Japanese imperialists and the disease caused by severe frost-bite, on June 5, 1926 at the age of 32.

The unyielding revolutionary spirit and revolutionary cause of Mr. Kim Hyong Jik were inherited and developed by Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the revolution, and his lofty aspiration has been brought into full bloom by the Leader in our country.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, set out on the road of the revolutionary struggle in his early years, upholding the great will of his father. He, firmly adhering to the stand of *Juche* and applying creatively Marxism-Leninism to the practice of the revolution in our country from the early days of his revolutionary struggle, led the anti-Japanese armed struggle to victory, defeated Japanese imperialism and achieved the cause of the restoration of the fatherland, and converted our country into a developed socialist country as we see today.

Today, each time the entire people deeply think of the great revolutionary ideas, outstanding leadership and lofty virtue of the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, they think with deep emotion of the lofty life and revolutionary activities, patriotic spirit and noble traits of Mr. Kim Hyong Jik who brought up Comrade Kim Il Sung into the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people and fought with all devotion for the restoration of the fatherland and the happiness of the people.

Ji Ryong Cha

An Immortal Battle for Defending Revolutionary Base

On the Occasion of 35th Anniversary of Victory of Defensive Battle at Hsiaowangching Guerilla Base

The defensive battle fought at the Hsiaowangching guerilla base between December 1933 and January 1934, 35 years ago, was one of the battles which left immortal exploits in the history of the glorious anti-Japanese armed struggle.

Under the direct command of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of our revolution, peerless patriot, national hero and ever-victorious iron-willed brilliant commander, the anti-Japanese guerillas and people frustrated the Japanese imperialists' large-scale enveloping attacks for over 40 days and defended with honour the Hsiaowangching guerilla base where the heart of the Korean revolution was.

The Hsiaowangching guerilla base and other guerilla bases—liberated areas in the vast regions along the Duman River which were set up according to the original revolutionary line of Comrade Kim Il Sung, acquired a great importance not only as the military strategic stronghold and supply base of the Anti-Japanese Guerilla Army, centre for the general development of the revolution and powerful bulwark of the revolution but also as revolutionary base for providing revolutionary guidance to the Korean revolution as a whole. The establishment of guerilla base was also urgently needed for preserving and fostering the revolutionary forces and protecting them against the indiscriminate suppression and slaughter of the Japanese imperialists.

In view of such requirements Comrade Kim Il Sung set up guerilla bases in the rugged mountainous areas along the Duman River contiguous to the border area of Korea, which rendered it advantageous for the guerillas to defend them and unfavourable for the enemy to attack them. He also took measures to steadily expand and strengthen the guerilla army strong enough to frustrate any large-scale attack of the enemy.

Especially, in the light of the Japanese imperialists' desperate moves to "destroy" the guerilla bases, in the early days of the establishment of bases Comrade Kim Il Sung put forward on the stand of *Juche* a revolutionary line of establishing an all-people defence system based on placing all people under arms and converting the bases into fortress, and turned the guerilla bases into an impregnable fortress.

Comrade Kim Il Sung said as follows:

"...In order to defend guerilla base—liberated area impregnably, it is necessary to rapidly expand and strengthen the Anti-Japanese Guerilla Army while arming the entire people in the bases. It is true that there are not a few bottlenecks and difficulties: there is no arms foundation and lack of cadres is felt. But, if the masses of the people pool their strength as one man, well cognizant of the aim of fighting for the restoration of the fatherland, they are able to tide over any difficulties. When all people, from young Children's Corps members to the old, are fully armed, we can beat back the onrushing devilish 'punitive forces' and frustrate in good time the enemy's espionage and subversive manoeuvres. If all the people are placed under arms, they are able to repulse any enemies."

The defensive battle at the Hsiaowangching guerilla base waged under the personal command of Comrade Kim Il Sung

According to such strategic line of Comrade Kim Il Sung the guerillas and all inhabitants in the guerilla bases were fully ready to fight against the enemy at any time and any place and every valley and cliff in the bases was turned into a pit-trap for the enemy.

Semi-guerilla controlled districts widely established with the guerilla bases as their centre in accordance with Comrade Kim Il Sung's original line played an important role in defending the guerilla base as a concealed fortress.

Along with the establishment of an all-people defence system in the revolutionary base Comrade Kim Il Sung elaborated the superb strategy and tactics of guerilla warfare of combining concentration with dispersion of forces, active defence with harassment of the enemy's rear.

The Japanese imperialists had a bitter taste in their "spring punitive operations" early in 1933. Having regrouped their force, in December of the same year they sent out a "crack unit" 5,000-odd strong consisting of troops in various parts of East Manchuria and the 19th Division in Ranam, Korea, to attack the guerilla base.

The enemy made a desperate attack from three sides on the base area under cover of planes, guns and other heavy arms, turning every ravine into a sea of flames.

At that time, there were only a small number of guerillas in the Hsiaowangching guerilla base and they were poorly armed into the bargain.

Now the base area was faced with an unprecedented danger.

In these days of grave trials Comrade Kim Il Sung, the strategic genius and iron-willed brilliant commander, taking upon himself the destinies of the Korean revolution and the population in this base area, stood in the van of the defenders to command the whole course of the battle.

Under the direct command of Comrade Kim Il Sung the guerillas and people, taking advantage of the favourable topographical conditions of the base, employed the tactics of frontal attack on the onrushing enemy troops, giving mass annihilation to them. The enemy, however, kept closing in with a fresh force every day.

Every valley was covered with enemy's corpses.

The battle grew fiercer as days went by.

Houses were burnt down by the indiscriminate bombing and bombardment. Provisions ran out.

For the guerillas and people the struggle against starvation and cold was also arduous.

Under such situation, Comrade Kim Il Sung set forth a new tactical measure to decisively turn the tide of battle in favour of the guerillas.

Comrade Kim Il Sung said:

"...In view of the imbalance of strength between the guerillas and the enemy's picked forces which outnumber us scores of times and from the viewpoint of guerilla tactics, a head-on collision with the enemy is an adventurous act bound to meet with failure.

"On the other hand, if we remain on the defensive in this narrow area against the enemy force that is prepared for a protracted battle to attack us, it would certainly mean nothing else than playing into the hands of the enemy; it would be favourable to the enemy and very unfavourable to us. In order to save the situation, it is necessary to divide our unit into two before going to action.

"One group must stay here while the other shall go into the area under the control of the enemy."

And then he instructed that taking advantage of the situation in which most of the enemy troops were mobilized in the "punitive operations" against the base area, the guerillas should attack the enemy rear and cut off his supply route, thus compelling him to withdraw his "punitive forces."

The new tactical line of Comrade Kim Il Sung was a superb measure to hit the enemy in a vital spot.

Comrade Kim Il Sung divided the guerilla detachments into two, left one in the base to crush the enemy troops mainly through luring, ambush, surprise attack and personally led the other and went behind the enemy line to attack him from all sides.

This was a bolt from the blue for the demoralized enemy who had suffered irrevocable losses in the protracted battle.

Now the enemy had to withdraw part of his troops and the battle formation was thrown into disorder.

At this juncture Comrade Kim Il Sung personally led the guerillas to attack the town of Wangching, a point of strategic importance of the enemy, turning decisively the tables against the enemy.

Thrown into crushing despair by their repeated defeats, the enemy troops had no alternative but to withdraw, leaving numberless bodies behind them.

The defensive battle at the Hsiaowangching guerilla base which lasted for over 40 days ended in the victory of the guerilla army.

In the grim days of defence of the base, the guerillas and people showed unbounded loyalty to the Leader and displayed mass heroism. They, united iron-like around the Leader, fought the enemy troops unflinchingly in response to his call in the fierce battle defending the guerilla base.

Where did their indomitable might come from?

It came from the firm faith, pride and revolutionary determination of guerillas and people who looked up to the great Leader of our people Comrade Kim Il Sung as the sun, were boundlessly faithful to him and ready to defend with their lives the Headquarters of revolution where he was.

Since they enjoyed a life worthy of man under the fatherly solicitude of Comrade Kim Il Sung at the guerilla bases—liberated areas established by him, they fought valiantly in defence of the Leader at the risk of their lives.

The victory in the Hsiaowangching defensive battle and other victorious battles for holding out for 4-5 years the guerilla bases against the enemy's ceaseless enveloping attacks were a great triumph of the outstanding revolutionary line and measures and superb strategy and tactics of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of our revolution.

This historic victory also frustrated the "myth" about the mightiness of the Japanese imperialists, dealt a severe political and military blow at the enemy, inspired the Korean people in their anti-Japanese, national-liberation struggle and demonstrated before the world the unyielding mettle of the Korean people who rose in a struggle.

This victory showed to the peoples of colonies and semi-colonies the ways of and practical example in the struggle for the establishment of guerilla base and its defence in the national-liberation struggle.

Jo Son Won

Our Party's Great Idea of Juche and Its Brilliant Embodiment

(Continued from our previous issue No. 3)

(2)

To establish *Juche* is a question of special importance for our country in the light of its geographical situation and environments, of the peculiarities of its historical development, and the complex and arduous nature of our revolution. Whether or not *Juche* is established is a question of key importance on which depends the victory of our revolution, a vital question which decides the destinies of our nation. Comrade Kim Il Sung put forward a wise line of opposing flunkeyism and dogmatism and establishing *Juche* during the anti-Japanese armed struggle and organised and guided a resolute struggle for carrying it through.

The anti-Japanese armed struggle of the Korean people organised and led by Comrade Kim Il Sung was a great yet serious revolutionary struggle to explore their own road solely by their own efforts, studying newly and settling with originality all things on the basis of the Marxist-Leninist principles. This struggle was launched and unfolded thoroughly based on the stand of *Juche* and line of *Juche* and in reliance on their own internal forces.

In the early days of his revolutionary activities comrade Kim Il Sung already set forth the establishment of *Juche* as a cardinal problem of the revolution on the basis of his summing up of the preceding national-liberation movement and communist movement in our country and his profound grasp of the essential requirements of the Korean revolution. And he vigorously organised and waged a struggle to establish *Juche* in all domains of ideology, politics, military affairs and international relations in the whole course of the anti-Japanese armed struggle.

For the first time in history Comrade Kim Il Sung put forth the brilliant line of the people's revolutionary government and the line of the anti-Japanese national united front and the line of the anti-imperialist united front, and creatively solved the problems of power and the united front to suit the realities of our country and creatively and successfully settled such questions arising in the course of the anti-Japanese armed struggle and in the general development of the Korean revolution as the building of revolutionary armed forces, strategy and tactics of guerilla warfare and preparations for founding a Marxist-Leninist party.

In the thick of the anti-Japanese armed struggle the revolutionary spirit of self-reliance, the revolutionary spirit of independence, self-sustenance and self-defence took shape and the internal revolutionary forces of our people were built up under the leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung. All the anti-Japanese guerillas armed themselves firmly with the idea of *Juche* and line and stragy and tactics of the Korean revolution set forth by Comrade Kim Il Sung, the peerless patriot, national hero and great Leader of revolution, and established the unitary ideological system within their revolutionary ranks.

Our people have brilliantly inherited and developed the tradition of *Juche* and the unitary ideological system established in the period of the anti-Japanese armed struggle, and thereby promoted the triumphant advance of our revolution and construction after the liberation.

After the liberation Comrade Kim Il Sung, on the basis of his keen insight into the then condition of our country and the requirements of the development of our revolution, set forth a great line of establishnig *Juche* and led the whole Party and the entire people to the struggle to implement it. Especially, the programmatic teaching "On eliminating dogmatism and formalism and establishing *Juche* in ideological work" given by Comrade Kim Il Sung to Party propagandists and agitators in December 1955 and the struggle for its thorough implementation brought about a radical turn in liquidating the evil aftermath of flunkeyism and dogmatism, historical hangovers of our country, and in thoroughly establishing *Juche* in all domains.

The struggle for establishing *Juche* against flunkeyism was a struggle to oppose factionalism, strengthen the unity and cohesion of the Party and establish the unitary ideological system within the Party, a struggle for defending the purity of Marxism-Leninism against the Right and "Left" opportunism, and a struggle to creatively apply and devolop Marxism-Leninism against dogmatism. It was also a struggle to oppose reliance upon foreign forces and expedite to the maximum the revolution and construction at our own initiative under the banner of self-reliance and a struggle to champion independence against great-power chauvinism in the international field.

In the course of the struggle for establishing *Juche* our Party has been further consolidated organisationally and ideologically, our Party's revolutionary line of independence, self-sustenance and self-defence brilliantly embodied and the internal forces of our revolution built up more firmly.

Comrade Kim Il Sung pointed out:

"As a result of our efforts to establish *Juche* in the ideological domain, the national pride of our workers and their consciousness of independence have grown to a great extent and they have come to acquire the traits of a revolutionary who does not follow others blindly but approaches their things critically instead of mechanically imitating or swallowing them whole, and who strives to solve all matters in conformity with the actual conditions of our country and with his own wisdom and strength."

(3)

In all fields Comrade Kim Il Sung's great idea of *Juche* has been embodied as our Party's line of independence, self-sustenance and self-defence. As a result, our country has become a rich, prosperous, powerful socialist state independent in politics, self-sustaining in the economy and self-defensive in national defence.

In the political field, the idea of *Juche* has brilliantly embodied in the completely independent activities of the Workers' Party of Korea and the Government of the Republic.

Basing himself on his concrete analysis of the specific realities of our country, Comrade Kim Il Sung formulated scientific and popular lines and policies which precisely reflect the objective requirements of the development of the revolution and the aspiration of the people, and our Party under his guidance has unfolded an uncompromising struggle to uphold firmly and thoroughly implement them under any conditions.

Their typical examples are the line of building a revolutionary base, the line of constructing an independent national economy, the creative line of realizing socialist transformation of economic forms ahead of technical reconstruction, the economic construction line of giving priority to the growth of heavy industry with simultaneous development of light industry and agriculture, the Chollima movement, general line of our Party, the great Chongsan-ri spirit and Chongsan-ri method, the Daean work system and the new agricultural guidance system which embody the Chongsan-ri spirit and method in industrial and agricultural management, the "Theses on the Socialist Rural Question in Our Country" which points out the Marxist-Leninist way to the final settlement of the rural problem, the new revolutionary line of conducting economic construction and defence upbuilding in parallel, the line of properly combining the work to cement the political and ideological unity of the masses of the people with the class struggle and of revolutionizing and working-classizing all members of society under socialism, the profound theory on the complete victory and final victory of socialism and the line to win them, and the struggle by the Party for the thorough implementation of all these lines. And, the line of achieving the unity and cohesion of the international communist movement against Right and "Left" opportunism, the line of intensifying the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggle by uniting the revolutionary forces of the world, the strategic line of tearing limbs off U.S. imperialism, the common enemy of the world revolutionary people and so forth—they constitute an outstanding contribution to the promotion of the world revolution and the development of the Marxist-Leninist theory.

Since the country's liberation Comrade Kim Il Sung has also paid the greatest attention to building up firmly our internal revolutionary forces for maintaining political independence and for carrying through the line of independence.

Our Party under the leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung consolidated first of all its organisations, launched a vigorous struggle to rally closely the broad masses of the people around it, and turned the whole society into a big Red family of revolutionaries who think and act according to the thought and will of Comrade Kim Il Sung and into an iron combat detachment.

The principle of independence also constitutes our Party's firm basis in the struggle for the country's unification and in the field of foreign policy and external activities.

We have consistently fought to achieve the country's unification by our people's own efforts free from any outside interference after driving out the U.S. imperialist aggressors from South Korea, regarding any and each attempt to rely on outside forces in materializing the country's unification as a traitorous act of placing the whole of Korea under the control of the foreign aggressors.

In the field of foreign policy we maintain political and economic relations with other countries on the principle of complete equality and mutual respect. We conduct the anti-imperialist struggle and the struggle against Right and "Left" opportunism entirely on the basis of our own judgement and faith and in conformity with our actual conditions. As a result, the prestige of our country has remarkably enhanced in the international arena, our people have come to have great numbers of revolutionary comrades and friends in different parts of the world and the international solidarity with our revolution has constantly strengthened.

In the field of economic construction, the idea of *Juche* bore a fine fruit in building an independent national economy.

The construction of an independent national economy is a thorough embodiment of the stand of *Juche* and the revolutionary spirit of self-reliance which demands us to complete the revolution by our own efforts and promote socialist and communist construction to the maximum by making rational use of the domestic natural resources.

Our Party set out the establishment of a firm independent national economy as one of the most urgent tasks right after liberation, made every effort for its realisation and scored great results in laying the foundation of an independent national economy particularly in the postwar period.

The Party carried through the basic line of economic construction, a line of giving priority to the growth of heavy industry with simultaneous development of light industry and agriculture, set forth by Comrade Kim Il Sung, with the result that the foundation of an independent national economy was laid and the people's living rapidly bettered. And, thanks to the original line of Comrade Kim Il Sung which applied the universal principles of Marxism-Leninism to the concrete realities of our country the socialist transformation of the old production relations completed in a short time in town and country.

Comrade Kim Il Sung said:

"As a result of the socialist transformation of private handicrafts and capitalist trade and industry as well as the completion of agricultural co-operativization, the socialist forms of economy came to hold undivided sway in our towns and countryside. This opened a wide avenue for the rapid development of the country's productive forces, made it possible to liquidate the sources of exploitation and poverty which had existed for thousands of years and to improve the material and cultural standards of the people markedly."

Our industry made headway at an unprecedented tempo. In 1967 the industrial output increased 22 times as compared with 1948. In particular, the engineering industry progressed apace; in 1967 its output value was 100 times greater than in 1948; its share in the total value of industrial output rose from 7.4 per cent in 1948 to 31.4 per cent in 1967. Today, our heavy industry with the engineering industry as its core, as the solid base for consolidating the economic independence of the country and powerfully pushing forward the technical revolution in all spheres of the national economy, has come to display ever greater might and serve better the development of light industry and agriculture.

We have also made great achievements in the development of light industry by thoroughly implementing Comrade Kim Il Sung's wise line of developing medium and small-scale local factories side by side with large-scale factories. We have vigorously moved ahead along the road to the development of agriculture indicated by Comrade Kim Il Sung, and thus greatly strengthened the material and technical basis of agriculture and increased its production rapidly.

The nation-wide movements for multiplying machine-tools and constructing local industry factories which were launched on the initiative of Comrade Kim Il Sung showed how our Party displayed the revolutionary spirit of self-reliance in order to promote to the maximum the construction of an independent national economy.

Today our country has come to boast of the powerful heavy and light industry bases capable of producing tractors, lorries, electric locomotives and other large machines and metallurgical and generating equipment and consumer goods with our own raw materials, technique and equipment and satisfactorily meeting the demands of the national economy and the people. This demonstrates the great vitality of the line set forth by Comrade Kim Il Sung of building an independent national economy.

We have striven to establish thoroughly *Juche* in carrying out ideological and cultural revolutions, too, and made great achievements.

The Party has strengthened the work of training national cadres to successfully solve all questions arising in socialist construction and has built up a brilliant, advanced, revolutionary socialist culture.

In the domain of science, too, *Juche* has been established. We have thoroughly implemented the line of conducting research work so as to further strengthen and develop our independent national economy with our raw materials and resources and improve the people's livelihood still more. As a result, many brilliant achievements including the construction of the world's first-class Vinalon Factory have been made.

In the military domain the idea of *Juche* has been brilliantly embodied as the line of self-defence and as our Party's military line whose main content is to turn the whole army into a cadre army and modernise it, arm the entire people and convert the whole country into a fortress.

In accordance with the teachings of the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, to defend for ourselves the gains of the revolution against the encroachment of the enemy, our Party has strengthened the People's Army into an "a-match-for-a-hundred" cadre army and into modernised armed forces, armed the entire people and converted the whole country into a fortress, thus making full preparations to smash at a stroke any attack of the enemy.

Today our People's Army has grown and strengthened as an invincible revolutionary army equipped with the indomitable revolutionary spirit of fighting for the sake of the Party and the Leader, the socialist fatherland and of the revolution going through fire and water under any circumstances and it is so firmly equipped with latest military science and technique and various modern weapons as to guarantee reliably victory in battle under any complex conditions of modern warfare.

The entire people, holding a hammer and a sickle in one hand and a rifle in the other, guard impregnably the fatherland and the gains of socialism while vigorously pushing ahead with socialist construction. They have converted the whole country into an impregnable fortress by building an iron wall of defences throughout the country.

The untiring struggle of our Party to establish *Juche* in carrying out the Korean revolution has borne a fine fruit in the Chollima movement today.

Our people are striving to bring about a greater upsurge in socialist construction and expedite the unification of the fatherland and the nation-wide victory of the Korean revolution, firmly arming themselves with the idea of *Juche* of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader and displaying the revolutionary spirit of self-reliance.

(The end)

Hong Rae Hui

A Great Revolutionary Upsurge for Capturing All Major Heights of Seven-Year Plan ahead of Schedule

Another Brilliant Success in Great Nature-remaking Projects

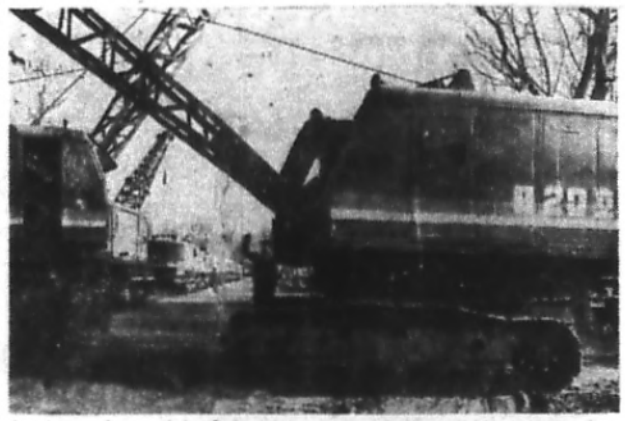
Some time ago, Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, commended and sent gifts to the workers, technicians and office employees of the office of tideland reclamation projects where Comrade Bae Sung Ryon works and young shock-brigades who set an example in fulfilling their assigned tasks by displaying patriotic zeal and mass heroism in the tideland reclamation projects, upholding the policy on construction of the Workers' Party of Korea.

The Central Committee of the Party and the Cabinet of the Republic sent a congratulatory message to them and the Presidium of the Supreme People's Assembly of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea decorated them with orders and medals.

Taking to heart the on-the-spot teaching of the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung in June 1958 on reclaiming the tideland to provide our people with silk of good quality with the reeds which had not been used in the past as its raw materials, the workers and technicians of this office have waged a struggle to carry it through.

Those who are boundlessly faithful to the Leader have banked up the sea and thus linked up scattered, large and small islands through an indomitable struggle for 10 years. Thanks to their strenuous labour efforts, there came into being a big base of chemical fibre raw materials which covers a vast track of area.

This is a brilliant embodiment of the idea of *Juche* of Comrade Kim Il Sung, our great Leader, who wants to solve the problem of providing the population with clothing on the stand of *Juche* relying on our own raw materials. It also represents another priceless asset which will contribute much to the consolidation of the country's independent economy.



An increasing number of machines are sent to the construction sites throughout the country in the New Year

Expanding Socialist Emulation

For Preschedule Fulfilment of Yearly Plan

A socialist emulation is sweeping almost all domains of the national economy after the Red miners of the ore mine where Comrade Kim Yun Yong works challenged the factories and enterprises throughout the country to a socialist emulation, determined to fulfil their yearly plan before October 10, the birthday of the Workers' Party of Korea.

This socialist emulation is a manifestation of the patriotic determination of the working people of our country to scale all the major heights of the grand Seven-Year Plan this year by putting spurs to the Chollima march and making a leaping advance once again.

The working people across the country infinitely faithful to Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, are actively joining this mass socialist emulation, raising ever higher the flames of the great revolutionary upsurge from the beginning of the year to bring earlier the complete victory of socialism and promote the unification of the fatherland and the nation-wide victory of the revolution. The steel makers of the Hwanghae Iron Works held a meeting of trade union activists to challenge factories and enterprises in their domain to a socialist emulation, having scored the proud success of increasing the production of pig iron by 35.5 per cent, steel by 75.3 per cent and rolled steel by 67.5 per cent in the first 16 days of the New Year as compared with the same period of last year.

The attendants of the meeting firmly resolved to build up their collective into a militant organization overflowing with revolutionary stamina by steadily deepening and developing the Chollima workteam movement and finish one month ahead of schedule their national economic plan for this year, set 45.4 per cent higher than last year's, by more vigorously spurring on the grand Chollima march.

The chemical workers of the factory where Comrade Pak Myong Jin works also had a meeting of trade union activists at which they resolved to overfulfil one month ahead of the set time this year's plan for chemical fertilizer production, set 30 per cent higher than last year's and challenged to a socialist emulation factories and enterprises in the domain of the chemical industry throughout the country.

A resolution adopted at the meeting stressed that they would effect collective innovation in all realms of technique and culture, ideology and morality by conducting well work with men, work with equipment and materials and work with books and further deepening and developing the Chollima workteam movement, holding aloft the teachings of the Leader given at the Second National Meeting of Frontrankers in the Chollima Workteam Movement and thus win the honourable title of Chollima factory by the 24th anniversary of the founding of the Party.

The workers and technicians of the geological survey team where Comrade Li Chan Yong works, the Chollima factory where Comrade Baek Gun Sa works, the ore mine where Comrade Kim Chol Un works and many other factories and enterprises also challenged factories and enterprises in their respective domains to a socialist emulation, setting themselves the goal of carrying out their yearly plans before the 24th anniversary of the founding of the Party.

Chemical workers at the factory where Comrade Pak Myong Jin works are making continuous innovations from the first battle of the New Year

Members of a geological surveying team hunting for more mineral resources for economic construction and defence upbuilding

January Plans Carried Out in Succession

Reports on preschedule fulfilment of the January plan are coming in succession from different parts of the country where the working people are waging a vigorous labour struggle for victoriously scaling all the major heights of the Seven-Year Plan within this year.

As of January 22, the workers of the Pyongyang Electric Engine Factory had fulfilled their January plan at 102 per cent in industrial output value.

The workers there who launched a socialist emulation with a determination to carry out this year's plan, 50 per cent higher than last year's, before the founding anniversary of the Workers' Party of Korea (October 10), honoured their assignments for such major products including electric engines, diesel locomotives and passenger cars about ten days ahead of schedule.

This success is an expression of the infinite fidelity of the workers to the Leader. The workers, upholding the programmatic report of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, at the celebration

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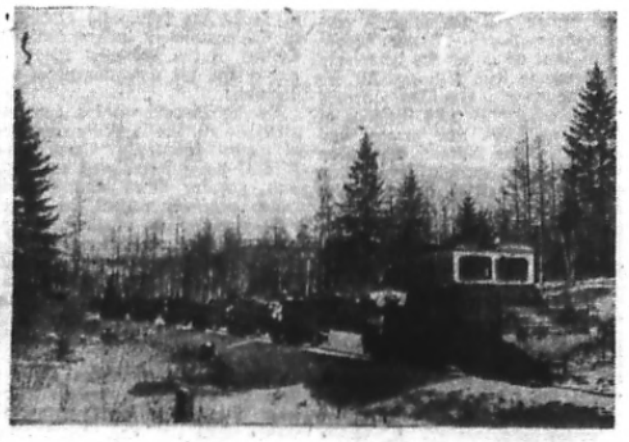

Flames of socialist emulation flares up on the timbering front, too

Unity of Army and People

The traditional beautiful trait of unity between armymen and the people takes its roots in the glorious anti-Japanese armed struggle. Officers and men of the People's Army and people in the nearby area where they station have a community of mind like a family

The traditional beautiful trait of unity of the army and the people formed in the period of the anti-Japanese armed struggle is in full bloom today among our people throughout the country and men of the People's Army and the garrison who are effecting a great upsurge in the economic construction and defence upbuilding of the country, upholding the decisions of the Party Conference, the great Ten-Point Political Programme of the Republic and the programmatic report of the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung delivered at the celebration of the 20th anniversary of the founding of the Republic.

A story about deep love between the members of the fishing co-operative where Comrade Li Byong Du works and the People's Armymen stationed near it we introduce shows the beautiful trait of unity between the people and servicemen.

The people and servicemen here are making full preparations so that they may crush the U.S. imperialist aggressors at one stroke, firmly united with one mind and one will in case of emergency as ever. Their guide to action in this is the teaching of the Leader: **"The People's Army should serve the fatherland and the people, and the whole people should love and aid the People's Army; the armymen and the people should further display the traditional spirit of unity of the army and the people and, in case of emergency, closely unite into one as true revolutionary comrades and fight with single-hearted devotion to safeguard our fatherland and our gains of socialism sharing life and death, sweets and bitters."**

The people in this fishing co-operative village make a deep study of the mission and character of the People's Army, the revolutionary armed force of our Party grown from the deep roots of the anti-Japanese armed struggle, and of numerous stories about the people in the guerilla bases who helped the guerillas at the cost of their lives in the life-and-death fight against Japanese imperialism during the glorious anti-Japanese armed struggle and cherish, love and help actively the People's Armymen like their flesh and blood.

They are studying hard especially the experience of struggle accumulated by those villagers who had devoted themselves to aiding the People's Army during the great Fatherland Liberation War, inheriting the traditional beautiful trait of unity of the army and the people formed in the course of the anti-Japanese armed struggle, to embody it in their work and life.

During the bitter Fatherland Liberation War they organized themselves into the "shell transport team," the "provisions transport team," the "team for carrying wounded soldiers to the hospitals in the rear," and the "cooking team" to defend the fatherland and the people's power against the aggression of the wolfish U.S. imperialists and carried ammunition and provisions to the People's Armymen fighting on hills under the rain of enemy's shells and bullets and rescued wounded soldiers at the cost of their blood and life.

Taking to heart the Leader's militant call "Every effort for victory in the war" Han Jong Sun, Hwang Ye Bong, Han Ok Gum and other villagers set a very fine example in the support of the front, wartime grain production, and in the fight behind the enemy lines and in the anti-espionage struggle.

The villagers are now determined to help the People's Army and fight the enemy in case of emergency like those who rendered distinguished services during the war. They are sincerely helping the servicemen staying near their village who are striving to increase still more the defence power to provide against the prevailing situation.

The People's Army has grown into an "a-match-for-a-hundred" army. Its men live in plenty feeling shortage of nothing under the deep solicitude of the Party and the Leader. But whenever the fishing boats return and land the good catch of fish people here send first the best fish to the servicemen.

To encourage servicemen actively they often send the travelling youth art troupe to army units to give performances.

The armymen for their part love and respect the villagers with a warm kindred affection and display the lofty trait of devoting even life without hesitation in the interest of the people.

They go into the midst of the people of the village to explain in easy terms our Party's military line and its correctness and the Party policy in each period and to study, together with the villagers, the Reminiscences of the Anti-Japanese Guerillas.

In busy farming seasons they help farmers and during the break of the training they collect fire wood for the families of patriotic martyrs, families of servicemen and the families short of work hands.

This happened quite recently before the fishing of sweetfish began.

Suddenly mountainous waves hit the pier. Fishing boats were just being drifted away from it.

Learning this, servicemen here tied ropes round their waist and tore ahead through monstrous waves and saved boats by connecting the boats with the pier.

Thanks to such heroic deeds of servicemen the fishing co-operative normalized fishing operations without losing a boat and overfulfilled the annual plan for sweetfish catch 1.6 times last year.

The people in this fishing co-operative village and the servicemen here are highly displaying the traditional beautiful trait of unity of the army and the people strengthening the ties of kinship between them and they are firmly defending the posts of socialist revolution with a burning determination to sweep away the U.S. imperialist aggressors in this land forever if the enemy dare to attack us and achieve the cause of the unification of the fatherland.

Jong Gun Ba

(Continued from Page 6)

of the 20th anniversary of the founding of the Republic and his on-the-spot teachings, have poured all their energies into the implementation of the tasks set forth in the report and his teachings.

Particularly, the members of the twice Chollima wiring work team of the factory widely introduced advanced work methods and thus carried out their daily production quotas more than 2.5 times on an average, thereby finishing the plan for the first month as of January 15.

Engraving deep on their hearts the on-the-spot teachings of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, that more diesel locomotives should be turned out along with electric engines, the members of the diesel locomotive work team also worked with surging zeal and raised daily work efficiency 1.5 times, honouring the monthly plan ahead of the set time.

The workers of the factory where Comrade Li Jae Hi works carried out their January plan successfully at 104.1 per cent as of January 18.

The workers there scored this success by working in the revolutionary spirit of self-reliance with which the anti-Japanese forerunners manufactured "Yongil bombs" from scratch.

The honoured disabled soldiers' factory where Comrade Kim Gye Chun works also hit the first month target on all indices as of January 20.

The honoured disabled soldiers of the factory who valiantly fought against the U.S. imperialist aggressors during the past Fatherland Liberation War fulfilled their daily quotas more than 1.5 times by working in the spirit of driving the bayonets of revenge into the chests of the U.S. imperialists, our people's sworn enemy entrenched in the southern land.

Besides, many other enterprises in various parts of the country fulfilled their January production plans in succession.

Not content with their successes already made, the working people throughout the country are vigorously spurring on the grand Chollima march, raising higher the flames of a socialist emulation in the same branches and same lines for carrying out the national economic plan for this year ahead of schedule and scaling the major heights of the Seven-Year Plan.

"A-match-for-a-hundred" revolutionary fighters

The Korean People's Armymen cultivating "a-match-for-a-hundred" strength by further expanding the Red Flag Company Movement with a single mind to become revolutionary fighters boundlessly loyal to the Leader

In Benevolent Bosom of Leader

New Generation Spend Their Pleasant Winter Vacation

Like all other children of our country who are growing up healthily learning to their hearts' content unenvious of anyone else in the world in the broad and benevolent bosom of Marshal Kim Il Sung, pupils of common educational schools at all levels in Pyongyang are now spending their winter vacation joyously and effectively.

Our pupils study to their hearts' content without paying a single penny till they reach the working age getting the supply of seasonal school uniforms from the state and are growing up most happily in the world under the most advanced education system provided by Marshal Kim Il Sung. They are now spending their winter vacation effectively, consolidating the already learned knowledge and hardening their body and mind, to become true sons and daughters of the Leader.

"Children are masters of the future and the flower buds who will continue the cause of the revolutionary forerunners.

"... We must bring them up into fine communists at all costs.

"If we love and teach them with parental affection, all of them will become fine revolutionary fighters and ardent communists who will succeed to our cause..."

Upholding the lofty will of the Leader to rear all the rising generation who will succeed to our revolution into fine revolutionary fighters and ardent communists, schools, families, *dong* and people's neighbourhood units direct public concern to providing every condition for the school children to make effective use of their winter vacation for their study and recreation.

The Pyongyang Children's and Students' Palace, the centre of pupils for extra-curricular activities, receives more students during the winter vacation. The *dong* people's committees and people's neighbourhood units well arranged their study rooms and rooms for organisational life and made ice grounds in various places.

School children come in a steady stream to Mangyongdae dear to the hearts of the 40 million Korean people where Marshal Kim Il Sung was born and spent his childhood, Bonghwa-ri, historical spot, and the Museum of Korean Revolution. And the cinema houses and theatres in the city arrange special programmes for children.

The department stores and other shops are supplied with more winter sport goods and various playthings.

Pyongyang, the capital of revolution, presents now a lively scene with students spending their winter vacation pleasantly—students going to the study rooms satchels slung across their shoulders, students heading for the Children's and Students' Palace singing loudly and students hurrying to the skating-rink. All of their faces are bright with the boundless joy and happiness of growing up most happily in the world, learning to their hearts' content, in the broad and benevolent bosom of Marshal Kim Il Sung.

The pupils of the Ryon-gwang middle school in Pyongyang begin their daily routine of the vacation with the running in the morning.

In the morning, they gather in the study rooms to study the revolutionary family of Marshal Kim Il Sung and his childhood and then they do the home task for the vacation and consolidate the knowledge they learned in the past term.

The pupils arrange gatherings for the study of the reminiscences of the anti-Japanese guerillas, for sharing impressions of books and for story-telling according to their plan. These, needless to say, are meaningful and interesting to them and various activities conducted in the afternoon are also interesting as much.

They have already held singing contests and pingpong and skating competitions between the branches of the Young Pioneers Corps according to their plan for the vacation and those selected in the art contests are now vigorously carrying on the activities of mobile propaganda team.

With the approach of the 21st anniversary of the founding of the Korean People's Army, the pupils of the said school are practicing singing and dancing for a meeting with heroes of the People's Army, and writing letters of inquiry to the servicemen standing firm guard over the fatherland. They are also helping actively servicemen's families and families of honoured disabled soldiers.

These days when our new generation are spending their vacation with joy and pride, the Pyongyang Children's and Students' Palace is full of happiness.

Since the beginning of the winter vacation, more than 10,000 students come to this palace every day to participate in a variety of inter-district and inter-school contests, to see films, share impressions of books and attend story-telling and over 1,000 scientists and teachers of institutes of higher learning including prominent professors and doctors are enlisted in these activities as part-time teachers for the youngsters.

Over 500 "little doctors" of physics are deepening the theory they have learned at school in the physics laboratory through experiments and lectures.

Many members of the physics study group including Han Yong Chol, fifth grader of the Pyonghwa middle school who has been in the group for one year now, can now design and make for themselves the electric motor and transformer.

The astronomical observation circle members deepen the knowledge they learned in school at the Children's and Students' Palace

In the rooms for art activities, future People's Actors and Merited Artists are singing and dancing and playing instruments.

The more we think of the happiness of children filling the 200-odd rooms of the palace, the more deeply we feel the great solicitude and paternal love of Marshal Kim Il Sung who has brought the talents of more than two million students in our country into full bloom.

Though he himself went without meals for several days and wore unlined clothes in winter in the arduous days of the anti-Japanese armed struggle, the Marshal always saw to it that the children were provided with best food and new clothes at the change of seasons and schools were established in the guerilla bases to give the children education and bring them up into revolutionaries.

After the liberation, he gave precedence to the education of the rising generation and established the most advanced socialist educational system.

This is why our students who have Marshal Kim Il Sung as their Leader and are growing up envious nothing in the world in his warm bosom, sing their song of happiness with the feeling of loyalty to him:

Blue is the sky,
happy I feel.
Play the accordion, merry and gay!
Really nice is our homeland,
Where people live in harmony.
Marshal Kim Il Sung is our father,
The bosom of the Party is our home,
And we are all brothers and sisters
Who live most happily in the world.

When the song of happiness sung by the students at the top of their voice rings out of the palace rending the air, speed-skating and ice hockey competitions, the sports events of the students of schools at all levels during their winter vacation, are in full swing on the ice-ground of the Botonggang pleasure-ground.

Little skaters and hockey players are displaying to the full their physical strength built up and fine technique refined in training for the honour of their schools, gaining good results in every event.

Happy indeed are the students who are spending their winter vacation joyously and effectively giving full play to their wisdom and talent in the benevolent bosom of the Marshal.

This is the greatest happiness of the parents with children and the joy and pride of all of us who think of the successors to the revolution.

Ji Man Gun

→ **On the Botonggang skating-rik in Pyongyang**

← **Middle school boys having the practical training in handling machines at the Pyongyang Children's and Students' Palace**

South Korean Revolutionaries and Patriots Fight Unyieldingly Upholding Revolutionary Ideas of Great Leader Comrade KIM IL SUNG

U.S. Imperialists and Traitorous Pak Jung Hi Clique Commit a Diabolical Criminal Act of Sentencing 30 Members of United Revolutionary Party of South Korea to Capital and Heavy Penalties

The U.S. imperialists and their stooges traitorous Pak Jung Hi clique are on the rampage to bestially slaughter the South Korean revolutionaries and patriots through murderous trials.

According to a report from Seoul, the blood-thirsty U.S. imperialists and their dirty cat's paws and nefarious hangmen Pak Jung Hi fascist bandits who had subjected 30 members of the United Revolutionary Party, one of the underground revolutionary organisations in South Korea, to a most barbarous persecution through murderous trials, committed on January 25 a vicious criminal act of "sentencing" these revolutionaries and patriots to capital and heavy penalties.

That day the devils committed the outrageous act of "sentencing" Kim Jong Tae to death, head of the Seoul headquarters of this underground revolutionary organization, and four of his comrades-in-arms, life imprisonment to four others and heavy penalties up to 15 year's imprisonment to 21 others including Kim Jong Tae's wife, Im Yong Suk.

Prior to this, at the "military trial" held on January 16, the U.S. imperialists and the traitorous Pak Jung Hi clique committed the unpardonable outrageous act of "demanding" death for a certain Shin, lieutenant, instructor of the administration section of the puppet "military academy," and heavy penalties up to 7-8 year's imprisonment for three men: a certain Li, lieutenant, belonging to the "office of information and education of the air force headquarters" of the puppet army, a certain Hong, first lieutenant of the puppet naval unit in Pohang, North Kyongsang Province, and a certain Shin, "second sub-lieutenant" serving in the naval base in Chinhae, South Kyongsang Province. These armymen of the puppet South Korean army formerly took part in the said underground revolutionary organization.

On January 18, too, the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique placed on a murderous trial 12 patriotic personnel allegedly involved in the "case" of the Party of Strategy for Liberation of South Korea and committed the towering criminal act of "passing" death sentence on two of these patriots, life imprisonment on two others and penal servitude up to 15 year's imprisonment on the remaining eight.

This shows that the U.S. imperialist aggressors and their stooges Pak Jung Hi military ruffians run amuck to further intensify the illegal repression and persecution of the valiant revolutionaries and patriots of South Korea and the vicious moves to murder them in defiance of the protest and denunciation of the entire Korean people and the world public circles.

We entire Korean people, together with the peoples of the whole world, vehemently condemn and resolutely denounce the enemy's cruel suppression of the members of the United Revolutionary Party and other South Korean revolutionaries and patriots.

The scoundrels tried in vain to "justify" their criminal schemes to punish the patriots brutally on the arbitrarily faked-up "charges" at the "trial" farce.

But all the shameless fabricated "assertion" of the enemy only once again clearly disclosed his true colours as the sworn enemy of the South Korean people before the whole world.

As was already reported, Kim Jong Tae, head of the Seoul headquarters of the United Revolutionary Party, and his comrades-in-arms formed the party with workers, peasants, women, youth and students, writers, teachers, men of the press, medical men, company employees, bank clerks and progressive-minded intellectuals, employees of the puppet organs, conscientious traders and entrepreneurs, political personages, conscientious puppet army officers and conscientious and progressive personages of all other strata and struggled energetically for driving the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops out of South Korea, realising the democratization of the South Korean society and achieving the independent unification of the country.

In order to attain their lofty aim they educated the masses of the people in the revolutionary ideas of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, through their organ **Chongmaek** or by directly going among the people of all walks of life and roused them vigorously to the anti-U.S., anti-imperialist, anti-comprador and anti-feudal struggle.

They also organized nine "circles" under the party, set concrete goals for their respective branches to attain those goals sucessfully, making a deep study of the immortal works of the Leader, **Selected Works of Kim Il Sung** in particular, and studying his pre-eminent strategic and tactical line of the South Korean revolution and the unification of the fatherland and the socialist politico-economic system of the northern half of the Republic and waged all forms of anti-U.S., national-salvation struggle for accomplishing the revolutionary cause.

Their energetic activities are a patriotic and just, a hundred times, a thousand times just act reflecting the unanimous aspiration of the entire South Korean people to enjoy freedom and happiness to their hearts' content together with the brothers and sisters of the northern half of the Republic in the warm bosom of the great Leader after smashing the colonial rule of U.S. imperialism and achieving the unification of the country.

This notwithstanding, the U.S. imperialists hell-bent on perpetuating their occupation of South Korea and their lackeys traitorous Pak Jung Hi clique fabricated a groundless "case" to jail the revolutionaries and patriots affiliated with the United Revolutionary Party and subjected them to barbarous torture and suppression of all descriptions, in a foolish attempt to break their revolutionary will.

No desperate effort of the U.S. imperialists and the traitorous Pak Jung Hi clique, however, could subdue the revolutionaries and patriots in South Korea.

The patriotic fighters, taking to heart the pride and honour of being the revolutionaries worthy of the fighters of the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, did not stop their fight under any adversity and harsh trials.

As was already reported, Kim Jong Tae waged a stubborn struggle in prison and dealt blows to the enemy without let-up while unfolding a prison-breaking struggle.

He was staunch not himself alone. He gave a powerful encouragement to his revolutionary comrades in prison. Through letters, he ardently called them to wage a devoted struggle to the last for the revolutionary cause, engraving in their hearts more deeply the revolutionary ideas of the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, not yielding to any persecution of the enemy. He also called his wife and brothers in prison and his children at home to live and fight gallantly without losing conviction till the day when they will be embraced in the warm bosom of the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

And availing himself of every possible opportunity, he exerted revolutionary influence on all their colleagues in prison and even prison guards and roused them to the anti-U.S., national-salvation struggle.

It goes without saying that the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique could by no means subdue patriots even with the murderous trial farce they staged arbitrarily.

Raising "anti-communist" clamours the enemy tried to find pretext and ground to punish

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Grave Challenge to Korean People and World Public Opinion

In South Korea today, the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi fascist bandits are hell-bent on cruel suppression of revolutionaries and patriots.

In defiance of the resolute opposition of the entire Korean people and broad world public opinion, the enemies stage murderous trials one after another against South Korean revolutionaries and patriots to repeatedly commit the outrageous acts of sentencing the revolutionaries and patriots to death and heavy penalties on faked-up "charges."

On January 25, the Pak Jung Hi fascist gang staged a murderous trial at the instruction of the U.S. imperialists and committed an unpardonable treacherous criminal act of "passing" death and heavy penalties on 30 revolutionaries and patriots involved in the United Revolutionary Party. The fascist hangmen had for long kept in detention those revolutionaries and patriots enrolled in the United Revolutionary Party and subjected them to cruel torture to slaughter them on groundless "charges." At last they committed the heinous act of "passing" death sentence on Kim Jong Tae, head of the Seoul headquarters of the United Revolutionary Party, an underground organisation, and revolutionary fighter, and his four comrades-in-arms, life imprisonment on four others and heavy penalties up to 15 years' imprisonment on 21 others including Kim Jong Tae's wife Im Yong Suk.

Earlier, on January 18, too, the scoundrels staged a murderous trial against the patriots of the Party of Strategy for Liberation of South Korea on faked-up "charges" to commit a treacherous criminal act of "passing" death sentence and heavy penalties on 12 patriotic personnel of this party.

The frenzied murderous trial farce the Pak Jung Hi fascist outfit are staging at the dictates of the U.S. imperialists is a vicious challenge to the entire Korean people and broad world public opinion that resolutely reject and denounce with surging indignation their fascist suppression of South Korean revolutionaries and patriots and attempt to kill them and an unpardonable traitorous act to the nation.

Our people sternly condemn the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi fascist bandits for their murderous trials staged against South Korean revolutionaries and patriots regarding them as the thrice-cursed criminal acts of the aggressors and the traitors to the nation and death-bed desperation of those who are just before ruin. They are firmly determined to deal a hundred-fold, a thousand-fold retaliation upon the enemies.

The members of the United Revolutionary Party including Kim Jong Tae are patriots and revolutionary fighters who have waged an indomitable struggle to overthrow the colonial rule of the U.S. imperialists in South Korea and achieve the country's unification along the highway to the South Korean revolution and unification of the country indicated by the great Leader of the Korean revolution Comrade Kim Il Sung.

They organized the United Revolutionary Party with workers, peasants, students and youth and intellectuals, entrepreneurs and officers of the puppet army and other progressive personnel of all strata proceeding from the ardent desire to liberate the South Korean people who are subjected to oppression and exploitation under the colonial rule of the U.S. imperialists, and waged all forms of vigorous anti-U.S., national-salvation struggle arming themselves with the great revolutionary ideas of Comrade Kim Il Sung through the study of **Kim Il Sung's Selected Works** and other immortal works of the Leader and uniting the broad masses around the Leader.

The activities of the members of the United Revolutionary Party including Kim Jong Tae are a hundred times, a thousand times just patriotic struggle which reflects the lofty aspiration of the South Korean people to put an end to the cursed colonial rule of the U.S. imperialists and realize the country's unification to enjoy freedom and happiness together with the brothers in the northern half of the Republic in the warm bosom of the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

Owing to the cruel colonial rule of the U.S. imperialists over 20-odd years, South Korea has now turned into a living hell. People can no longer tolerate their present tragic position. Due to the occupation of South Korea by the U.S. imperialist aggressors, the sovereignty of the nation has been utterly infringed upon, national economy totally devastated and every spark of national culture extinguished mercilessly and the people are ill-clad and hunger-stricken under two-fold, three-fold exploitation and oppression and are subjected to all sorts of national contempt and maltreatment.

The South Korean people who are politically awakened through their bitter experience in life are burning with the ardent desire to free themselves from the cursed colonial slavery at the earliest date and be embraced in the bosom of the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

The struggle of the members of the United Revolutionary Party including Kim Jong Tae and of many patriots is a legitimate action which all people who value the dignity of the nation should take.

This notwithstanding, the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi fascist clique are trying hard to punish righteous revolutionaries and patriots in South Korea on the arbitrarily fabricated "charges".

The U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique are making desperate efforts to check the rapidly mounting revolutionary advance of the South Korean people and tide over the present crisis resulted from the colonial rule through the intensified barbarous suppression of the South Korean revolutionaries and patriots. This will only further hasten their doom.

With nothing can the scoundrels block the revolutionary struggle of the South Korean revolutionaries and patriots who are armed with the great revolutionary ideas of Comrade Kim Il Sung.

Even under the unfavourable situation in which the oppression and suppression by the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi fascist outfit have become intensified, the revolutionary struggle of South Korean revolutionaries and patriotic people is further expanding and developing into various forms of active struggle including armed struggle. This struggle is driving the enemies into a tighter corner.

While expanding their revolutionary organisations they are waging an unflinching struggle against the enemies in towns and the countryside, underground and in the mountains and even behind the prison bars and at the "court".

All facts clearly show how heroically the South Korean revolutionaries and patriots are fighting to win the victory of the revolution and accomplish the cause of the country's unification.

The South Korean revolutionaries and patriots who were arrested and imprisoned by the enemies while carrying on a gallant revolutionary struggle must be released immediately and unconditionally.

The world people are now resolutely protesting against and condemning the criminal plot of the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi fascist band to murder the members of the United Revolutionary Party including Kim Jong Tae and other patriots.

We are firmly convinced that all people of the world who treasure justice and human dignity will come out more actively in the just struggle to check and frustrate the criminal murderous acts of the U.S. imperialists and their stooges the Pak Jung Hi fascist bandits and save the South Korean patriots.

Only victory and glory are in store for the South Korean people who are advancing along the road indicated by the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

We Sternly Condemn U.S. Imperialists and Their Stooges for Their Fascist Suppression of S. Korean Revolutionaries and Patriots

Pyongyang City Mass Meeting Held to Expose and Condemn Fascist Suppression of Members of United Revolutionary Party of South Korea by U.S. Imperialists and Pak Jung Hi Puppet Clique

The U.S. imperialists, the sworn enemy of the Korean people whose history of aggression in Korea dates from 100-odd years ago and the most heinous enemy of the world people, and their stooges Pak Jung Hi military fascist band "demanded" on January 22 capital and heavy punishments for Kim Jong Tae, head of the Seoul headquarters of the United Revolutionary Party in South Korea and 29 other revolutionaries and patriots, and committed on January 25 the inhuman criminal atrocity of eventually "sentencing" these revolutionary comrades to severe penalties.

This unpardonable criminal act of these hangmen against South Korean revolutionaries and patriots is exciting a strong protest and indignation of the entire Korean people and the world public.

Working people, youth and students in Pyongyang, the capital of the revolution, held on January 25 a mass meeting to expose and condemn resolutely with surging national indignation the criminal act of U.S. imperialism and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique.

"Let's punish the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi fascist gang suppressing and slaughtering South Korean people!" "U.S. imperialist aggressors, quit South Korea at once!" "Let's drive the U.S. imperialist aggressors out of South Korea and unify the fatherland!" These angry prolonged thunderous shouts shook the meeting hall.

The attendants condemned a thousand and one crimes perpetrated by the inveterate enemy of our people, waving their iron fists in a spirit of crushing at a stroke the wolfish U.S. imperialist aggressors and the traitorous Pak Jung Hi fascist gang.

On the faces of all the attendants were read surging indignation with the American imperialist aggressors and a firm determination to withdraw these devils from South Korea and accomplish at an early date the country's unification.

On the background of the platform was respectfully hung a portrait of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, who always leads our people to victory, glory, happiness and prosperity. On both sides of the portrait were the flags of the Republic.

The meeting was attended by, together with working people in the city, Kim Chon Hae, Li Guk Ro, Ko Jun Taek and Choi Won Taek, Members of the Presidium of the Central Committee of the Democratic Front for the Unification of the Fatherland; Hwang Bong Gu, Vice-Chairman of the Committee for the Peaceful Unification of the Fatherland; Jong Song Il, Vice-Chairman of the Pyongyang City People's Committee; and leading functionaries of public organizations.

Addressing the meeting, Kim I Hun, Vice-Chairman of the Central Committee of the General Federation of Trade Unions of Korea, exposed and condemned with surging indignation the criminal atrocity of the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi fascist gang against 30 revolutionaries and patriots of the United Revolutionary Party, an underground revolutionary organization of South Korea, including Kim Jong Tae, head of its Seoul headquarters.

Disclosing and denouncing the criminal barbarities perpetrated prior to this by the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique against South Korean revolutionaries and patriots, he stated that the fascist suppression by the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique of the South Korean revolutionaries and patriots and their villainous outrage to murder the latter collectively have now reached their zenith.

Owing to this, a serious situation has been created in South Korea in which aggression and treachery trample down justice and patriotism and a great danger has befallen the South Korean revolutionaries and patriots who fought at the risk of their lives for the fatherland and the nation, he noted and stressed:

The brutal suppression by the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi fascist gang of the South Korean revolutionaries and patriots is an unpardonable challenge to the entire Korean people and to the honest-minded people of the whole world who value justice and truth.

He underscored that those who should be tried and punished as the top criminals in South Korea are the U.S. imperialist aggressors and the traitorous Pak Jung Hi puppet band, their stooges.

In the name of the entire Korean people, he resolutely denounced the thrice-cursed fascist suppression by the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi clique of South Korean revolutionaries

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Pyongyang city mass meeting was held to expose and condemn the fascist suppression of members of the United Revolutionary Party of South Korea by the U.S. imperialists and their lackeys

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patriots, but his attempt was fully foiled in face of the reasonable statement and sharp condemnation of the fighters.

They declared: It is the national duty of all the Koreans to oppose the U.S. imperialist aggressor army's occupation of South Korea, drive the American imperialist aggressors out of South Korea at an early date and thus put an end to the artificial partition of the fatherland and especially, liberate the South Korean people who are trampled down under the jackboots of the enemy.

They lodged a sharp protest with the enemy, declaring: "How can this be a crime?" The real criminals who must be brought to trial are no other than the U.S. imperialist aggressors and the traitorous Pak Jung Hi puppet clique who, worshipping them as masters, have sold off the country and nation and are asking for the permanent occupation of South Korea by the U.S. imperialist aggressor army, they stated.

Women revolutionaries and patriots including the wife of Kim Jong Tae also fought staunchly at the "court" like other fighters. They said proudly that they had helped the revolutionary activity of their husbands not merely because they were their wives, but because they worked to realize the just cause, and that they themselves joined in the just cause.

Now that the vicious crimes have been exposed in full light, the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique at last committed an unpardonable crime of inflicting capital and heavy penalties upon 30 revolutionaries and patriots of the United Revolutionary Party on all sorts of false charges and are trying to deal strictly with the men of the puppet army with the said party affiliation who conducted revolutionary activity.

But, with no barbarous and suppressive measures the bloodthirsty U.S. imperialists and Pak Jung Hi clique can ever break the unbending fighting will of the South Korean revolutionaries and patriots who are fighting to overthrow U.S. imperialist colonial rule in South Korea, achieve the unification of the country and hasten the day when they will lead a happy life to their hearts' content in the warm bosom of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people.

Through the powerful anti-U.S., national-salvation struggle they will soon overthrow U.S. imperialist colonial rule in South Korea and fulfil with credit the historical cause of the South Korean revolution and the unification of the fatherland.

Foreign Publications Resolutely Denounce

Murderous Trials by Blood-thirsty U.S. Imperialists and Pak Jung Hi Fascist Gang

Today publications of various countries in the world are protesting against and denouncing the thrice-cursed outrages committed by the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique against South Korean revolutionaries and patriots.

The Vietnamese **Nhan Dan** carried recently an article exposing and denouncing the barbarity of the Yankee imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique to punish severely South Korean revolutionaries and patriots.

The paper wrote: The fascist outrage committed by the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique in South Korea today is a challenge to the justice-loving people of the whole world and shows that they tremble in fear of the revolutionary movement in South Korea which is gaining in scope and strength from day to day.

The paper underscored that they can never check the revolutionary struggle of the South Korean people, nor can they ever ward off blows from this powerful struggle, and that the Vietnamese people fully support the struggle of the South Korean people.

The recent issue of **Tricontinental**, the monthly bulletin of the Asian, African and Latin-American People's Solidarity Organisation, introduced the struggle of the patriotic people in South Korea entitled "Under the banner of struggle."

In support of the struggle of the South Korean revolutionaries and patriots, it said: They are conducting revolutionary activities in various ways braving the brutal fascist suppression of the U.S. imperialists and their stooges, upholding the teaching of Comrade Kim Il Sung who said that the revolutionary organisations and revolutionaries in South Korea must do their best to constantly accumulate and expand the revolutionary forces through positive struggle against U.S. imperialism and its hirelings.

It also exposed and condemned the fascist suppression of South Korean revolutionaries and patriots by the American imperialists and their minions and underlined that the just struggle of the South Korean patriotic people will surely win.

TASS in its commentary bitterly condemned the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique for their fascist atrocity and expressed its support for South Korean patriots.

The commentary denounced that the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique fabricated the "case" of the United Revolutionary Party, the "case of the Operative Group for Communizing South Korea," the "case" of the Party of Strategy for the Liberation of South Korea and other cases and sentenced many South Korean patriots to death on groundless "charges."

It strongly demanded the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique to stop at once the suppression of people on the strength of various evil laws they forged.

It gave active support to the South Korean people in their anti-U.S., national-salvation struggle and called upon the world's people to denounce and check the brutalities of the Yankee imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique.

The recent issue of **Trybuna Ludu**, organ of the Central Committee of the Polish United Workers' Party, carried an article vehemently denouncing the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique of South Korea for their fabrication of the "case of the Operative Group for Communizing South Korea" to punish South Korean patriots.

The recent issue of **Neues Deutschland**, organ of the Central Committee of the United Socialist Party of Germany also carried a commentary condemning the fascist suppression of South Korean patriots by the American imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique. The commentary sternly slated the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique engrossed in the suppression of patriots, saying that South Korean "patriots were put on trial simply because they had democratic views."

A Cambodian paper carried an article protesting against and lambasting the recent murderous trials of South Korean patriots by the U.S. imperialists and the South Korean puppets.

The paper actively supported the struggle of the patriotic people of South Korea, and stressed that the suppression of the struggle aroused the indignation of all the truth-loving people of the world.

The paper wrote: There is an ever-growing trend among the South Korean people to boundlessly revere Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, and long for the northern half of the Republic. The U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique can by no means save themselves from their doom, nor can they stem the anti-U.S., national-salvation struggle of the South Korean people which commands the support of the world revolutionary people.

The Algerian paper **El Moudjahid** also carried a commentary rapping the fascist suppressive measures of the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi clique.

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and patriots. He said that the fascist rampage of the U.S. imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi military fascist clique to punish South Korean revolutionaries and patriots has become more pronounced from the outset of the New Year and noted that this is their death-bed struggle to check the rapid growth of the South Korean revolutionary forces and save their crumbling colonial rule from crisis.

The U.S. imperialist aggressors and the Pak Jung Hi fascist gang can inflict severe punishments upon South Korean revolutionaries and patriots including Kim Jong Tae, but with nothing can they break their revolutionary will an indomitable fighting spirit, he emphasized.

Brilliant victory and glory alone are in store for the South Korean people who are fighting bravely upholding the great revolutionary ideas of the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung which lead the Korean revolution along the most straight road of victory and firmly guarantee the unification of the fatherland and the victory of the South Korean revolution, the speaker underscored.

In the name of the entire people in the northern half of the Republic, he extended the warmest militant greetings and encouragement to the entire South Korean people including all the revolutionaries and patriots in South Korea who are waging energetically the anti-U.S., national-salvation struggle for the South Korean revolution and the independent unification of the country braving the cruel fascist suppression of the enemy.

The meeting was also addressed by the representatives of workers, peasants, women and youths and students. They scathingly denounced with bitter indignation the U.S. imperialists and the traitorous Pak Jung Hi clique.

D.P.R.K. Govt. and Entire Korean People Resolutely Denounce with Surging Indignation

Indiscriminate Bombing of U.S. Imperialist Invaders on Laos

The Foreign Ministry of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea issued on January 24 a statement denouncing the ever-expanding and intensified barbarous bombings of the U.S. imperialist invaders on the areas under the control of the Laotian Patriotic Front and the Laotian patriotic neutralist forces. The statement reads:

Statement of D.P.R.K. Foreign Ministry

Since early November last year the U.S. imperialists have intensified on a large scale their bombings on the areas under the control of the Laotian Patriotic Front and the Laotian patriotic neutralist forces.

In this connection the Central Committee of the Laotian Patriotic Front issued on January 6 a memorandum exposing and denouncing the brigandish bombing of the U.S. imperialists on Laos.

The U.S. imperialist aggressors are bombing indiscriminately provincial capitals, district seats, towns and many other populous areas, hospitals, schools and parks in the regions from Upper to Lower Laos by mobilizing "B-52" strategic bombers and planes of various other types three or four times more than in the previous period.

The U.S. imperialist air pirates are intruding into Laos more than 400 or 500 times a day and wantonly using various kinds of lethal weapons of high anti-personnel and destructive power including napalm and phosphorous bombs, and poisonous gas, banned by international law.

Owing to the bombings of the U.S. imperialists, numerous peaceable inhabitants of Laos including old people, women and children have been now killed or disabled and vast areas of the Laotian territory have been devastated.

These intensified bombings of the U.S. imperialist invaders on Laos are a brigandish aggressive act violating more gravely the 1962 Geneva agreements and wantonly trampling underfoot the sovereignty, independence and neutrality of Laos.

The Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the entire Korean people resolutely denounce with surging indignation the crimes of the U.S. imperialist aggressors who are further intensifying indiscriminate bombings with each passing day on the areas under the control of the Laotian Patriotic Front and the Laotian patriotic neutralist forces and fully support the stand of the Central Committee of the Laotian Patriotic Front manifested in its memorandum.

Today the U.S. imperialists' frenzied expansion of bombings on the areas under the control of the Laotian Patriotic Front and the Laotian patriotic neutralist forces is designed to recover from their shameful defeats which they are sustaining in their aggressive war in Laos and Vietnam and brace up the morale of the Laotian puppet clique who are being dispirited daily by the repeated setbacks of the U.S. imperialists, their masters.

With no amount of desperate machinations, however, can the U.S. imperialists already on the decline save themselves from the doom.

The more tightly the U.S. imperialist aggressors cling to the manoeuvres for war escalation, the earlier their ruin will come.

For the past 14 years the U.S. imperialists have waged the aggressive war in Laos and, particularly in the last 4 years and a half they have daily expanded their air bombardments, but they could not subdue the patriotic people of Laos.

The day has gone never to return when the U.S. imperialists could cow or subdue someone by force of arms.

The more the patriotic people of Laos who have risen up in the righteous anti-U.S., national-salvation war of resistance under the correct leadership of the Laotian Patriotic Front headed by Prince Souphanouvong fight, the stronger they grow, and they are scoring great successes with each passing day in the struggle for building a peaceful, independent, neutral, democratic, unified and prospering Laos.

The U.S. imperialist invaders must stop at once all acts of intervention and aggression against Laos and quit Laos, taking with them their aggressor troops and lethal weapons.

The internal affairs of Laos should be settled by the Laotian people themselves free from the interference of the U.S. imperialists on the basis of the 1962 Geneva agreements and the present situation of Laos.

The Korean people always stand firm on the side of the brotherly Laotian people who are valiantly fighting against the U.S. imperialists, the common enemy, and will in the future, too, positively support and encourage with all might the anti-U.S., national-salvation struggle of the Laotian people.

The righteous struggle of the Laotian people against the aggression and intervention of the U.S. imperialists will surely be crowned with a final victory.

Pyongyang, January 24, 1969

U.S. Imperialism Is the Most Heinous Enemy of World Peoples and Target No. 1 in Their Struggle

(Continued from our previous issue No. 3)

(2)

It holds an important place in the world strategy of U.S. imperialism to penetrate into the Asian, African and Latin-American countries and pursue the neo-colonialist policy of maintaining and reinforcing its footholds for colonial plunder in these countries, along with its undisguised policy of war for strangling the socialist camp and the revolutionary forces of the world.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, taught as follows:

"Asia, Africa and Latin America hold 71 per cent of the land surface of the globe. There live more than two thirds of the world population and are inexhaustible natural wealth there. Imperialism has grown and fattened by grinding down those peoples and robbing them of their riches. Even today imperialism is squeezing tens of billions of dollars of profits from these areas every year. When Asia, Africa and Latin America are completely cleared of old and new colonialism, there will be no imperialist Western Europe nor imperialist North America."

Imperialism is a parasite and a bloodsucker living at the expense of the peoples of Asia, Africa and Latin America.

The U.S. imperialists are resorting to the crafty neo-colonialist policy to seize even an inch more of land and plunder more wealth in Asia, Africa and Latin America that are the source of their enrichment and are their life-line, while cruelly suppressing the national-liberation struggle of the peoples in these areas.

One of the basic methods employed by U.S. imperialism in this regard is the enforcement of the crafty indirect rule through the fabrication of puppet regimes.

The U.S. imperialists put the puppet countries to the fore under the signboard of "independence," but actually exercise the prerogative of supreme command in all fields of these countries, acting as the master there.

The U.S. imperialists maintain their remaining life resorting to the worn-out methods: they save their colonial rule from the crisis by replacing a puppet with another "useful" one when the former they rigged up is regarded as incompetent, and rig up military fascist regime through military coup when a puppet is not to their liking.

One of the typical examples is their placing of the Pak Jung Hi military gangs at the helm of the puppet regime of South Korea.

Particularly, as the progressive forces have grown and the anti-imperialist, anti-colonialist struggle is gaining in scope and strength in many newly-independent countries, the U.S. imperialists are stepping up their scheme as never before to overthrow progressive governments and fabricate reactionary puppet regimes in place of them.

By so doing, the U.S. imperialists are trying to strangle the anti-imperialist, revolutionary forces growing rapidly in Asia, Africa and Latin America and induce them to oppose the socialist countries.

For this purpose, the U.S. imperialists perpetrated vicious plots of staging military coups on over 60 occasions in the Asian, African and Latin-American countries after the termination of World War II.

In pursuing a neo-colonialist policy, U.S. imperialism is relying on violence overtly, and at the same time, is manoeuvring cunningly to infiltrate into the newly-independent countries with the "aid" as a bait to meddle in the domestic affairs of these countries and disrupt them from within.

U.S. imperialism's "aid" is in fact an important means of the monopoly capitalists for their enrichment and a camouflage for covering up their aggression and plunder.

Through their "aid" to the Asian, African and Latin-American countries and to series of the capitalist countries, the U.S. imperialists are subordinating the recipients economically, politically and militarily, while trying to interfere in their internal affairs covertly and overtly, infringing upon their sovereignty and obtaining profits several times greater than the amount of "aid."

Over 20 years since the Second World War the U.S. imperialists have given "economic aid" worth 3,800 million dollars to South Korea, and in return, plundered it of wealths worth 10,500 million dollars; they provided Southeast Asian countries with 370 million dollars in 1963 and obtained profits amounting to 2,200 million dollars, or six times as much as the "aid."

Another important means of U.S. imperialism in its overseas aggression is the ideological and cultural infiltration.

Particularly, the U.S. imperialists are attempting to paralyze their national awakening and class fighting consciousness and stamp out their national-liberation movement through ideological and cultural infiltration into the peoples of Asia, Africa and Latin America.

The idea of "anti-communism," "American worship" "fear of America," and "American way of life" are the main contents in the U.S. imperialists' ideological and cultural infiltration.

To check the aspiration to socialism of new-born independent and many other countries and the ever-growing impact of anti-imperialist, progressive ideas the U.S. imperialists persistently resort to the anti-communist propaganda.

They mobilize all their propaganda machinery to spread vile slanders on the Marxist-Leninist theory and carry on false propaganda against the socialist system.

Moreover, while noisily talking about their "mightiness" they spread "American worship" and "fear of America" in crafty attempt to stamp out the fighting will of the people.

The U.S. imperialist "Information Service" penetrates deep into the wide areas of Asia, Africa and Latin America. It serves as a base to spread the obsolete, decadent "American way of life and culture," demoralize ideologically the people of these areas and thus paralyze their national, class consciousness.

"Peace Corps" trained by the U.S. imperialists is another means of their ideological and cultural infiltration. Now more than 20,000 "Peace Corps" are active in some 50 countries, under the disguise of teachers, doctors and technicians. They gather information, weave plots to overthrow the governments and carry on other subversive and espionage activities.

Like this the U.S. imperialists employ all sorts of vile means and crafty methods in all domains of military, politics, economy, ideology and culture in their desperate attempt to invade other countries and enslave the people.

As all these facts show, the U.S. imperialists, the main force of aggression and war, the international gendarme and the bulwark of modern colonialism, resort to the most malicious means to oppose the countries of the socialist camp and the independent national states, suppress the national-liberation movement of the oppressed peoples and check social progress.

Under the circumstances, the spearhead of attack should be, first of all, directed to U.S. imperialism, the most barbarous and most shameless aggressor of modern times, the chieftain of world imperialism and the heinous common enemy of all mankind, to safeguard world peace, to win victory in the revolutionary struggle of the people fighting for national independence, freedom and liberation and to achieve social progress.

Comrade Kim Il Sung instructed as follows:

"To fight down U.S. imperialism, all countries, big and small, should strike blows at U.S. imperialism.

"The peoples of the countries making revolution should join efforts to tear left and right arms from U.S. imperialism, tear off its left and right legs and behead it eventually everywhere it stretches out its crooked hands of aggression."

To this end the peoples of the socialist countries, the working class of the whole world, peoples of newly-independent states and peoples in colonies and dependent states should wage a more active struggle against the U.S. imperialists employing all sorts of struggle.

U.S. imperialism is, after all, doomed to ruin and the people who have risen up in the anti-imperialist struggle for the just revolutionary cause will surely be crowned with victory.

(The End)

Pak Ung Gil

Incident of U.S. Imperialist Armed Spy Ship "Pueblo" Serves as a Good Occasion for Proving with a Concrete Example the Truth That Even Small Countries Can Win Victory When They Fight Valiantly against Imperialism

Peoples of Fighting Countries Warmly Greet Korean People Who Brought U.S. Imperialism to Its Knees in Incident of U.S. Imperialist Armed Spy Ship "Pueblo"

Friends of fighting countries in Asia and Africa hail, as their own, the great victory of the Korean people who abased the pride of the arrogant U.S. imperialists and brought them to their knees in the incident of the U.S. imperialist armed spy ship "Pueblo" which conducted espionage activities after intruding deep into the territorial waters of our country.

According to a VNA report from Hanoi, the Liberation Radio of the South Vietnam National Front for Liberation said in a commentary recently that the U.S. government apologized for the heinous hostile acts committed by the armed spy ship "Pueblo" in the territorial waters of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea. It pointed out: this is a heavy defeat for U.S. imperialism and a great victory for the armed forces and people of the D.P.R.K. and for the freedom and justice-loving people of the whole world.

The fact that the U.S. government apologized shows that the day has gone never to return when the U.S. imperialists could perpetrate piratic acts.

According to its report from Sam Neua, **Pathet Lao Radio** announced a commentary recently, conveying the decision of the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea on confiscating the U.S. imperialist armed spy ship "Pueblo" and expelling its former crew. The radio noted that this was a shameful defeat for the U.S. imperialists.

The radio further said:

The aggressive U.S. imperialists brazenly tried to deny their criminal acts though their spy ship was caught red-handed. But, in face of the determined stand of the Government and people of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, U.S. imperialism could not but apologize for its criminal acts in the end.

The prestige of U.S. imperialism fell to the ground before the world people.

It was reported from Tokyo that the December 24 issue of **Akahata**, the central organ of the Japan Communist Party, carried the gist of the statement issued by the spokesman of the Foreign Ministry of the D.P.R.K. and the report of the KCNA and printed an article headlined "United States submits to the just demand of Korean side."

The article emphasized:

Seeing their military threat fail to work in face of the resolute stand of the Korean people and the D.P.R.K. Government that tolerate no aggression and provocation, the United States could not but apologize in the end in compliance with the just demand of the D.P.R.K. Government.

This is a great victory of the D.P.R.K. Government and the Korean people and a great contribution to the common struggle of the peoples of Japan and other countries of the world against the provocations of the United States.

The December 30 issue of **Akahata** carried a commentary headlined "U.S. imperialism apologizes to Korean people" by Zenmei Matsumoto, Vice-Chairman of the Political and Foreign Policy Committee of the Central Committee of the Japan Communist Party.

After introducing the contents of the document of apology submitted to the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea by the U.S. government, the commentary pointed out:

This is an international document formally signed by an official representative of the government of the United States of America.

No matter how hard U.S. imperialism may use a whole battery of lies, distorting the fact even before the ink with which it signed the document dries up, this only shows how irresponsible and unconscientious U.S. imperialism is and that it can by no means deceive the people of the whole world.

The seizure of the U.S. imperialist armed spy ship "Pueblo" which illegally intruded into the territorial waters of the Republic showed the ardent and firm determination of the Korean people to defend their fatherland, the commentary noted. It continued:

After this incident U.S. imperialism resorted to an open threat by force of arms and stepped up its illegal military provocations on a wider scale.

Owing to this, the situation around Korea was aggravated, which reminded one of that on the eve of the outbreak of the aggressive war in Korea between 1950 and 53. Under such serious situation fraught with a grave danger, the Korean people and the Government of the D.P.R.K. consistently demanded an apology on the part of U.S. imperialism without the slightest vacillation and took a determined stand to resolutely safeguard the sovereignty of the country.

The Japanese people and the anti-imperialist, peace-loving democratic forces of the world actively supported the decisive stand of the Korean people and the D.P.R.K. Government and denounced U.S. imperialism, the ringleader of war and aggression.

U.S. imperialism knelt before and apologized to the Korean people and the Government of the Republic in the end.

The commentary emphasized:

This is a great victory of the Korean people and the Government of the Republic and a victory of the broad anti-imperialist, democratic forces of Japan and the whole world which have resolutely supported the decisive stand of the Korean people.

At the same time, it must be said that this victory of today is a common pride of the international communist movement and the anti-imperialist, democratic forces of the world.

Avilio Duarte, representative of the African Independence Party of Portuguese Guinea and Cape Verde Islands, issued a statement recently, exposing and denouncing the criminal acts of the U.S. imperialist armed spy ship "Pueblo" which conducted espionage and hostile acts, intruding many times into the territorial waters of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea for an aggressive purpose, and warmly congratulating the Korean people upon their victory, according to a report from Algiers.

He said:

The Korean people delivered a deserving blow to the aggressors by capturing the U.S. imperialist armed spy ship "Pueblo" which intruded deep into the territorial waters of their country. This incident in which deserving punishment was meted out to the aggressors was one more victory for the Korean people and served as a good occasion for proving with a concrete example the truth that even small countries can win victory when they fight valiantly against imperialism.

He said with emphasis that though U.S. imperialism is big in size, it is powerless always before a people who are determined to fight against it.

The fact that the U.S. government admitted the crime committed by its armed spy ship "Pueblo" and apologized to the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea for it is, indeed, one more great victory of the Korean people.

The Korean people took a firm anti-imperialist stand in the incident of the U.S. imperialist armed spy ship "Pueblo" and showed that one can surely win victory when he takes an unswerving anti-imperialist stand.

It was reported from Algiers that **Ewald Kadzibena, Member of the Executive Committee of the Central Committee of the South-West African People's Organisation,** stressed in his statement that U.S. imperialism again signed a document of surrender in Panmunjom where it signed a document admitting its defeat in the Korean war.

The fact that U.S. imperialism admitted the criminal espionage acts of its armed spy ship "Pueblo" and submitted a document of apology to the Government of the D.P.R.K. is a heavy political and moral defeat unprecedented in the history of aggression of the U.S. imperialists.

Saying that it is clear that the espionage acts of the U.S. imperialist armed spy ship were part of the premeditated provocative manoeuvres of U.S. imperialism designed to aggravate tension and unleash a new war in Korea, he stressed:

U.S. imperialism, though it sustained a heavy blow in the incident of "Pueblo," does not give up its aggressive ambition but is taking the road of further aggravating the situation.

With no machination, however, can the U.S. imperialists frighten the Korean people. If the U.S. imperialists perpetrate a provocative act again against the Korean people, they will sustain a heavier defeat.

War Maniac Nixon's Cry of Aggression and War

Nixon, notorious "anti-communist" element and war maniac, took office as the U.S. President on January 20 and made a lengthy, silly speech of his administration "policy."

As was forecast, the villain Nixon revealed his true colours as an "anti-communist" element and bellicose element in his inaugural address."

He filled his "inaugural address" with sugar-coated words and euphuistic phrases used by a literary man not worth a straw such as "peace" and "negotiation." This is but a cunning trick to conceal the U.S. imperialists' policy of aggression and his villainous nature and paralyze the vigilance of the world's people against U.S. imperialism.

In fact, war maniac Nixon seeks frantically to save U.S. imperialism from its doom and realize its thwarted wild ambition of world supremacy by pursuing the policy of aggression and war more madly than his predecessors.

Roguish Nixon in his silly "address" advocated the "positions-of-strength policy," thus revealing his bellicose stand.

Villainous Nixon is a collaborator of and ardent believer in Eisenhower-Dulles's bankrupt "policy of strength". This scoundrel not once or twice had declared for the "positions of strength" in his statements made before and after the election. State Secretary Rogers and Defence Secretary Laird chosen by Nixon as his conspirators harped on the same string.

These rascals advocated arms race and the formation of regional "anti-communist" military alliances to put into effect their nefarious policy.

This shows that the Nixon clique set as their first and foremost basic goal the "policy of strength" or war actions and military blackmail to oppose the socialist countries and the newborn independent states and suppress and stamp out the national-liberation movement in a sanguinary manner.

The scoundrel Nixon in his "inaugural address" also croaked about the "era of negotiations," "open world" and "peaceful competitions," and thus made it clear that his clique are going to pursue more frantically Johnson gang's villainous "world strategy" of swallowing up one by one small or divided revolutionary countries by force of arms, while refraining from worsening the relations with big countries as far as possible and shunning the confrontation with them and of stepping up ideological and political offensives against those countries which show weakness in the struggle against imperialism and undermining them from within.

This openly reveals the sinister intention of the Nixon outfit to continue to direct the spearhead of aggression to Asia including Korea and Vietnam and further intensify actions of aggression and war in this region.

The Nixon band seek to promote the policy of "making Asians fight Asians" more frantically in stepping up their agression in Asia. The rogue Nixon is one of those rascals who, along with warmonger Dulles, actively promoted the plot to form an "anti-communist" military alliance to "make Asians fight Asians" and he has claimed in recent years that the "Asian countries" should take "collective security measure." The Nixon gang have incited the Japanese militarists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique of South Korea to work to this end in the van.

The Nixon clique also disclosed undisguisedly their wild ambition of aggression in the Middle East. It is widely known to the world that Nixon dispatched Scranton to Israel as soon as he was returned to the presidency to fan up actively the aggressive ambition of the Israeli expansionists and this led the war acts of the Israeli expansionists against the Arab states to a more reckless stage.

All these show that the Nixon clique seek to continue to follow Eisenhower-Dulles's bankrupt "policy of strength" and the Kennedy and Johnson gangs' frustrated aggressive "world strategy" and further intensify acts of aggression and war.

Referring to the internal policy, Nixon blabbed about "full employment" and "better housing" and so forth in an attempt to win favour from the American people. But, this, like Johnson clique's bankrupt "plan for building a great society," is a lie to arrest the advance of the American people against them.

The aggressive and reactionary internal and external policies of the Nixon clique are a product of the serious crisis into which the U.S. imperialists are now plunged and an expression of their last-ditch efforts to get out of the crisis through aggravation of international tension, intensified arms race and provocation of another war of aggression.

It was from this that the U.S. imperialists installed Nixon in presidency.

Out-and-out "anti-communism" of this rascal earned him the "favour" of the U.S. imperialist monopoly capitalists and offered him a chance in life. He was promoted from a congressman to a vice-president and then now became their top-ranking servant.

This gangster is the mortal enemy of the Korean people. In June 1966 this scoundrel came to South Korea to instigate the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique to start another war in Korea.

The U.S. imperialists installed this villain in the post of boss in their attempt to promote madly their policy of aggression and war and save themselves from their doom.

But, this is but an idle day dream. The Nixon gang met with the powerful opposition and denunciation of the world people as well as the American people before his assumption of presidency for their crimes.

When the scoundrel Nixon was croaking about the "orderly transfer of power" and "unity" at the "ceremony for the assumption of presidency," progressive Americans held a funeral procession carrying a coffin with the effigy of Nixon in it, shouting: "Nixon, unmask yourself!" "Inaugurate a pig!" The funeral paraders rained rubbish and stones on the motorcade attending Nixon's "inaugural ceremony," resolutely denouncing the Nixon clique's policy of aggression and war.

It is already clear now that the Nixon outfit which inaugurated their administration in the worst position ever in the U.S. and world history will suffer the same miserable setback as their predecessors Kennedy and Johnson cliques did.

By no villainous policies can the U.S. imperialists save themselves from their doom which has already sealed up.

Hong Il

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